

PROGRESS REPORT

YEAR TWO OF OPERATIONS

Eric Hobson, Chair | Garry Ullstrom, CEO



KUTERRA

Land Raised[™] Atlantic salmon

Seafood Watch



KUTERRA



Why we're doing this



Why we're doing this



KUTERRA



Land Raised™ Atlantic Salmon farm



Who is involved



Project
partners



Lead
funders



Advisors



Marketing
partner



Our mission



Assess
technical, biological, economic
feasibility

of raising Atlantic salmon to harvest size using land-based RAS.



Final reporting

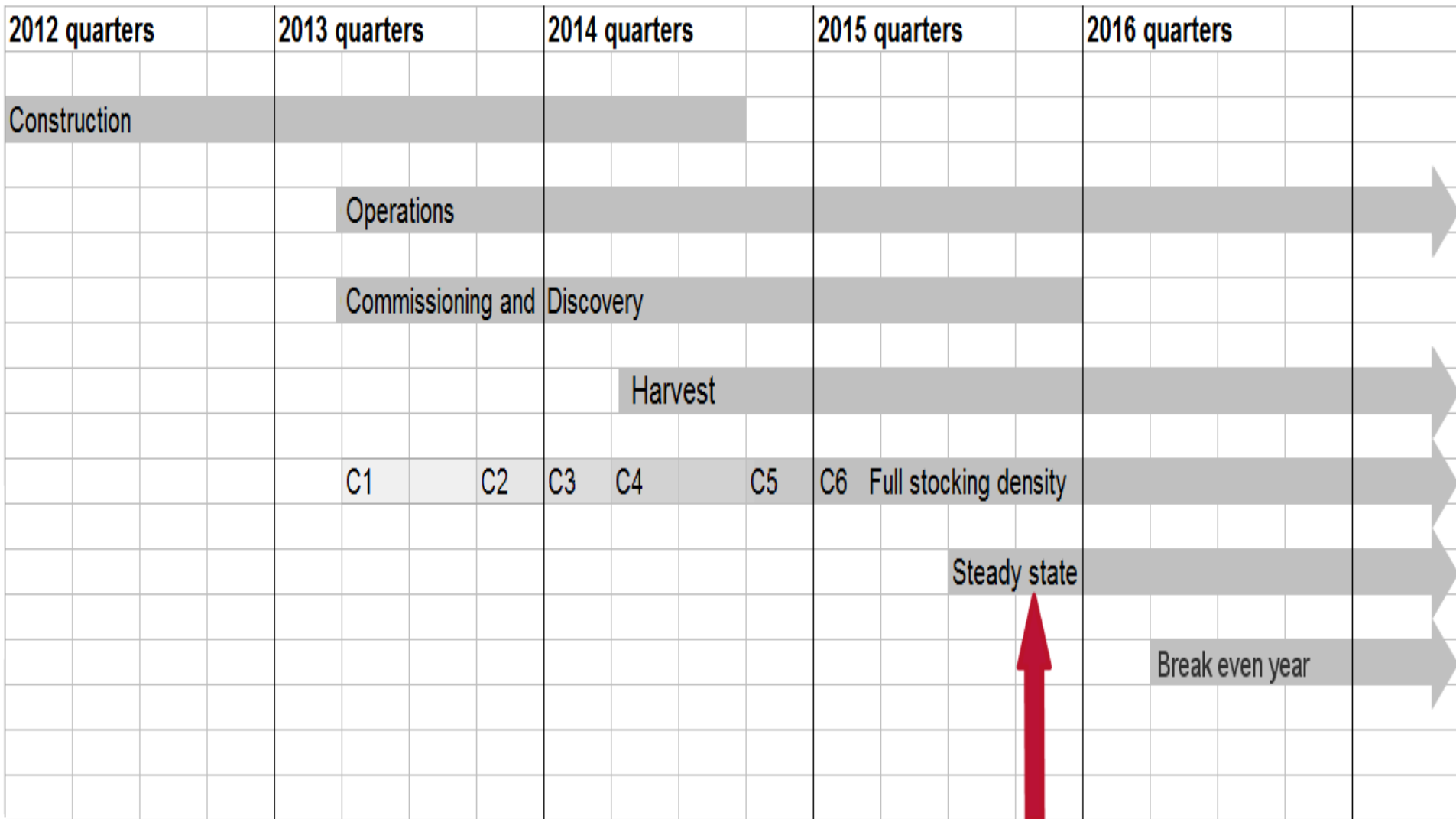


➡ <http://tidescanada.org/programs/salmon-aquaculture-innovation-fund/>

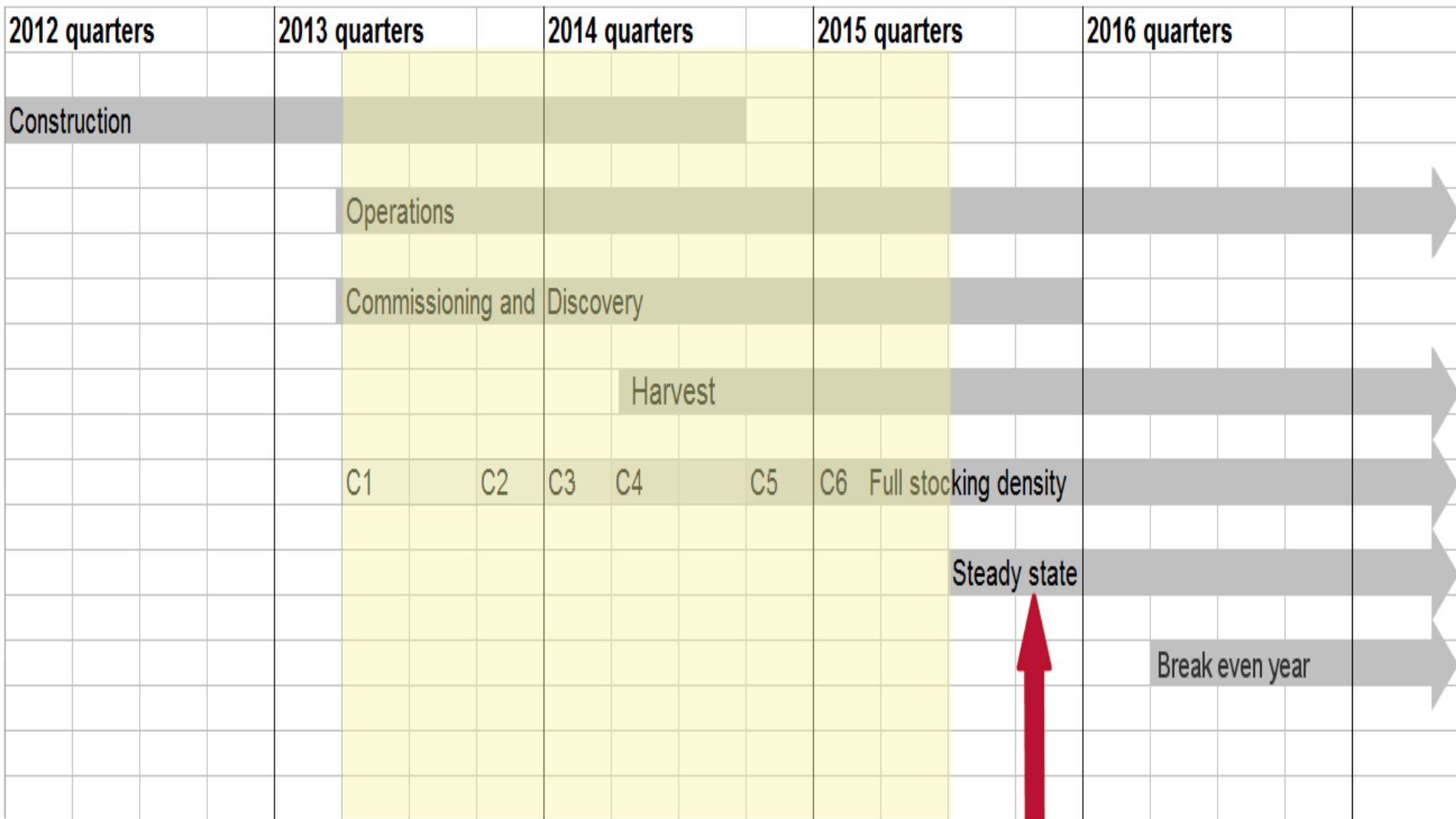
- Final milestone report
- Capital cost retrospective report
- Addendum on Cohort 4, expansion assumptions
- IEMP final report from Pacific Salmon Foundation



Stages and milestones

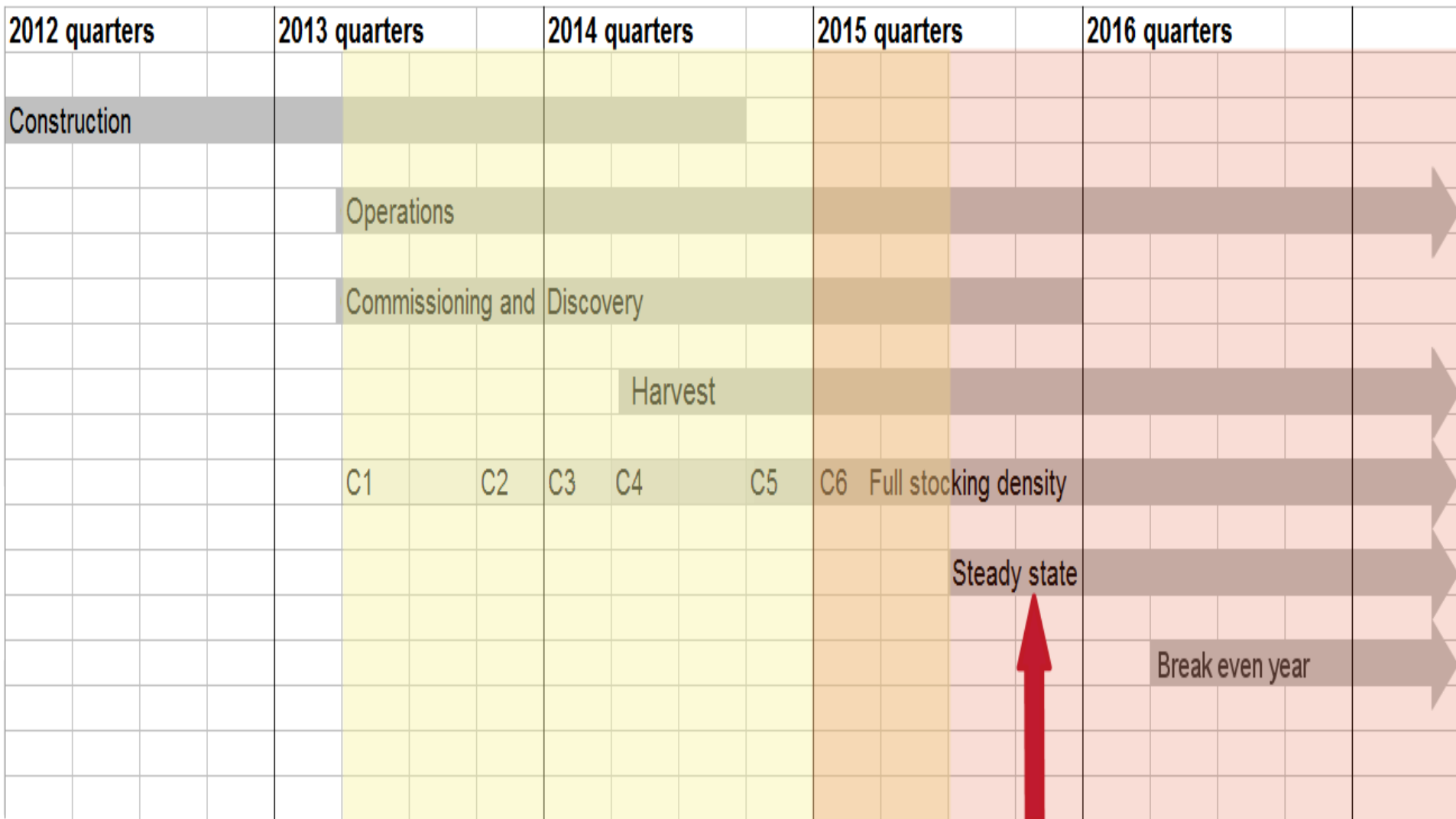


Stages and milestones



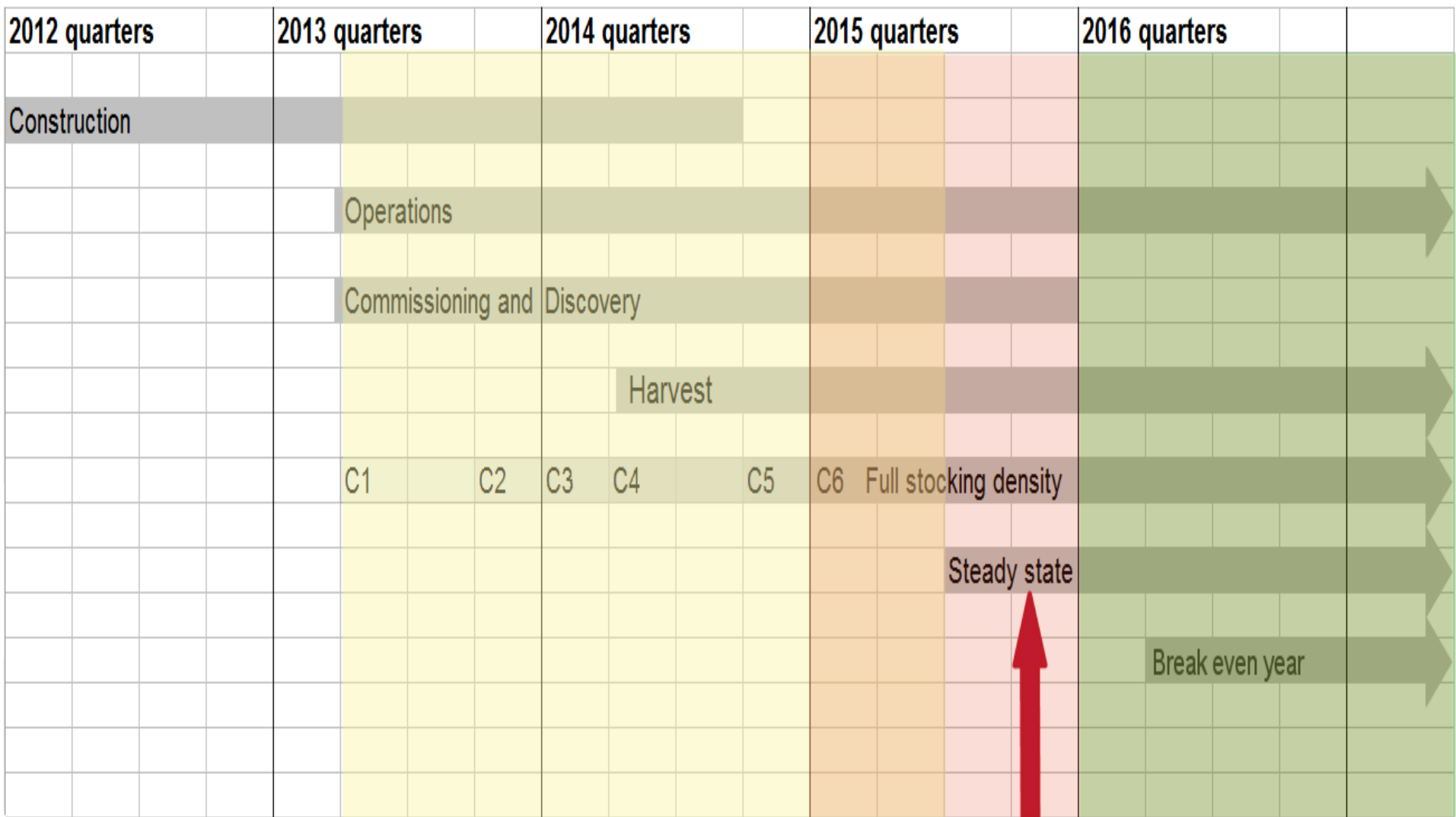
Technology focus

Stages and milestones



Biology focus

Stages and milestones



Economic focus

Technological feasibility



DEFINITION: Create an environment that can grow and harvest healthy fish. **DONE** ✓



Optimizing technology



Reduce
CAPEX per kilo

Improve technology
to improve fish
performance

Reduce operating
costs



Biological feasibility



DEFINITION: Efficiently grow high volumes of healthy, premium quality fish. **STEADILY IMPROVING.**

Five key metrics

1. Growth (TGC)

2. Feed conversion (FCR)

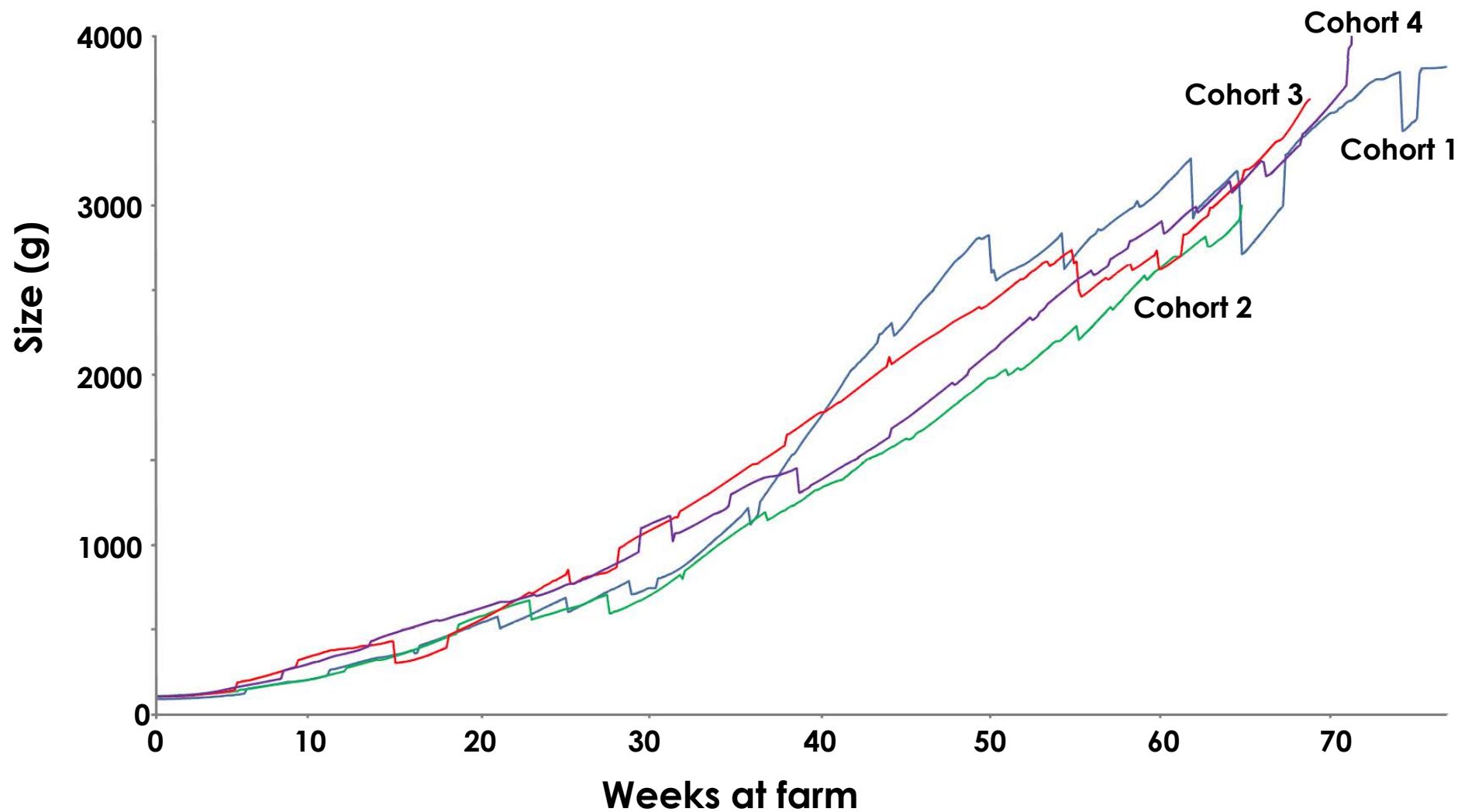
3. Mortality

4. Density

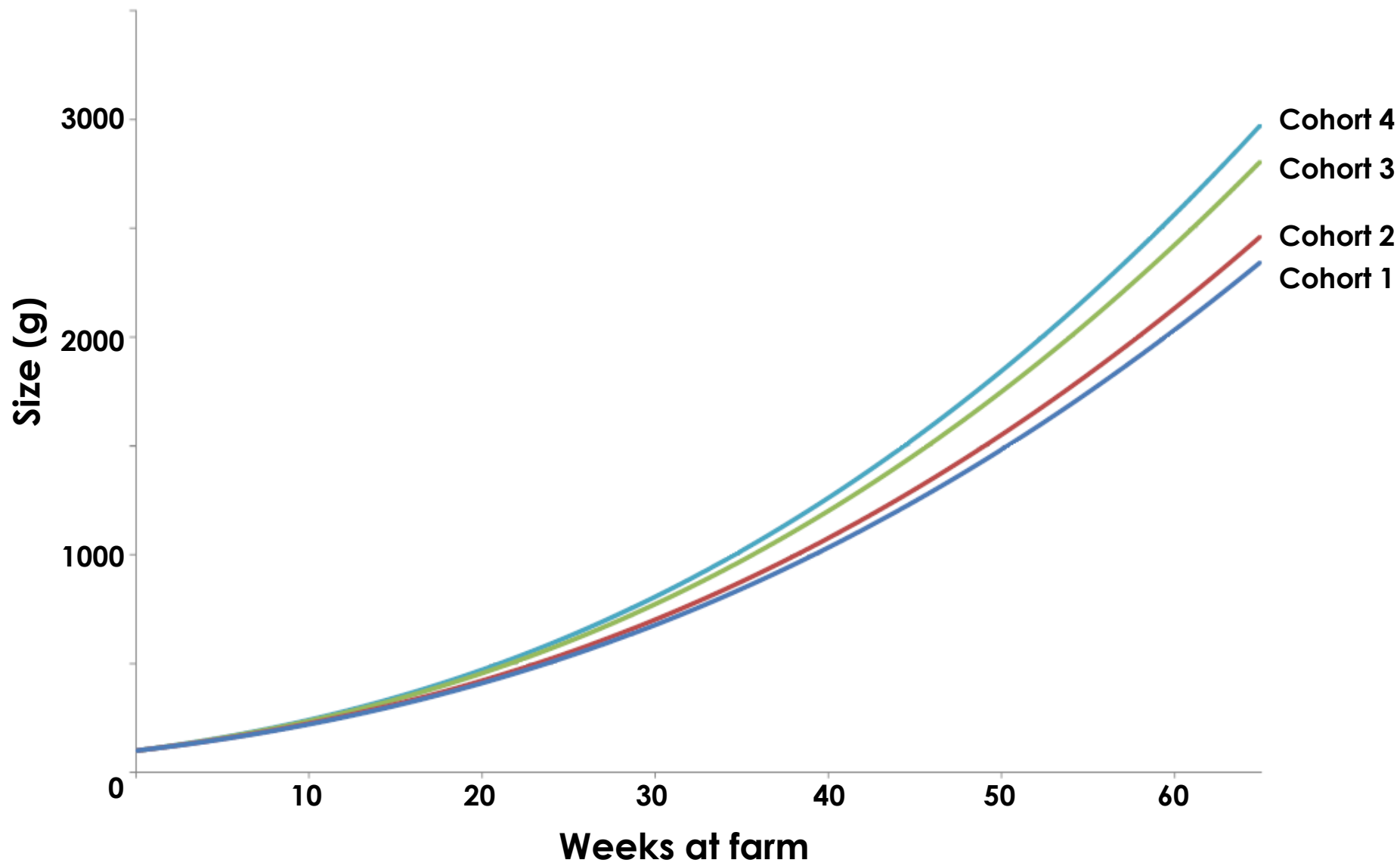
5. Early maturation



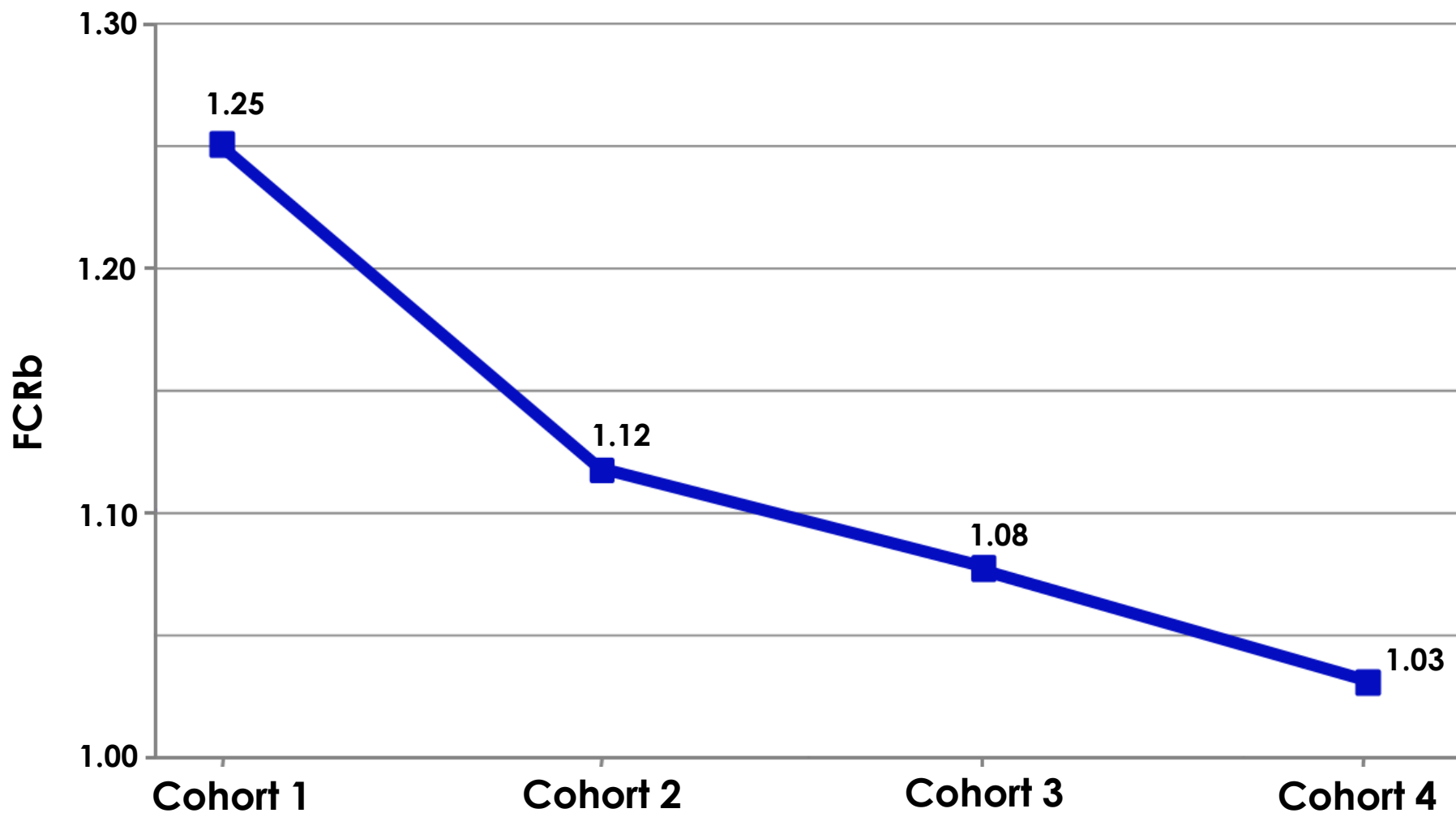
Growth



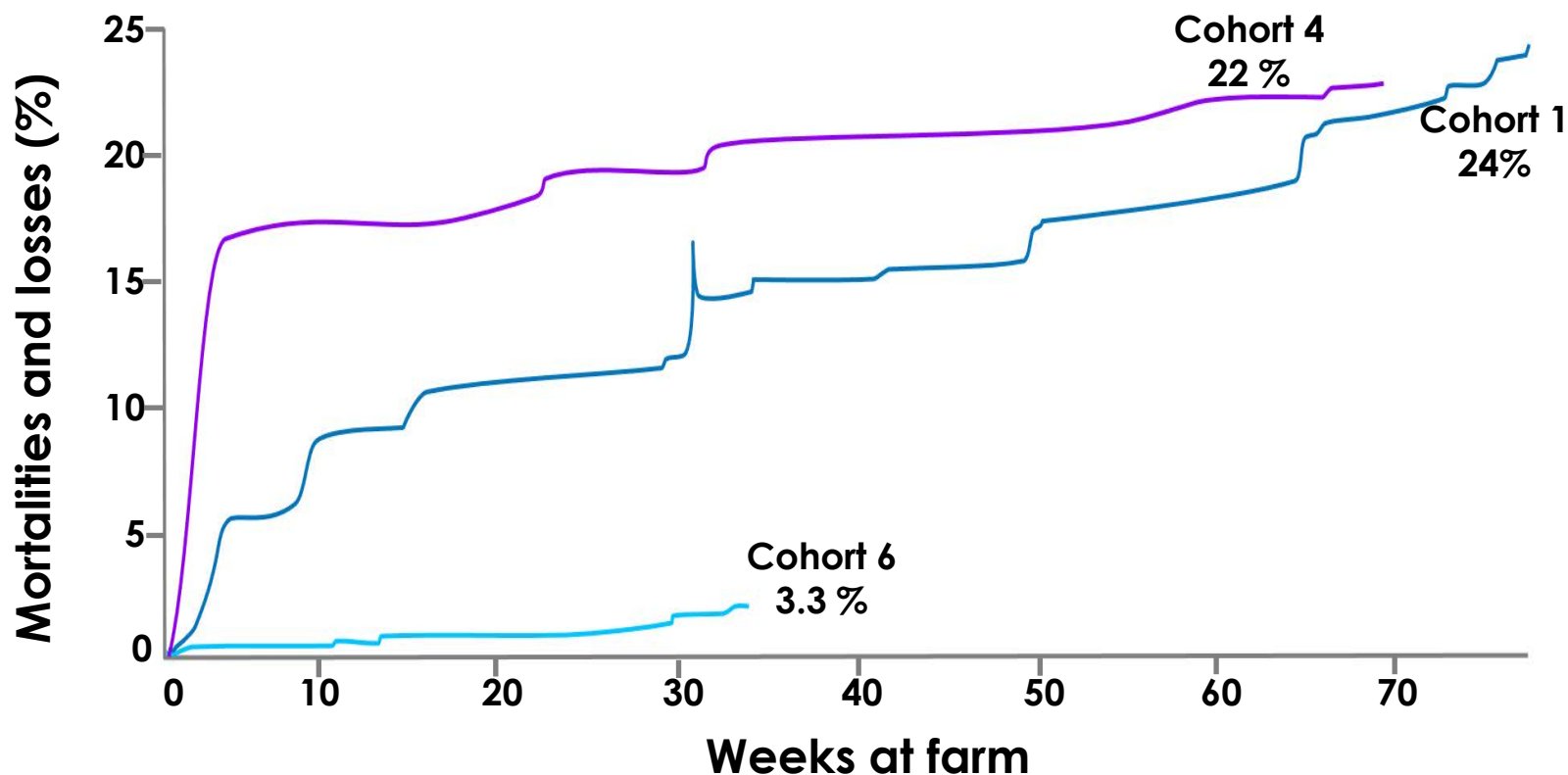
Growth (actual TGC)



Feed conversion ratio FCR

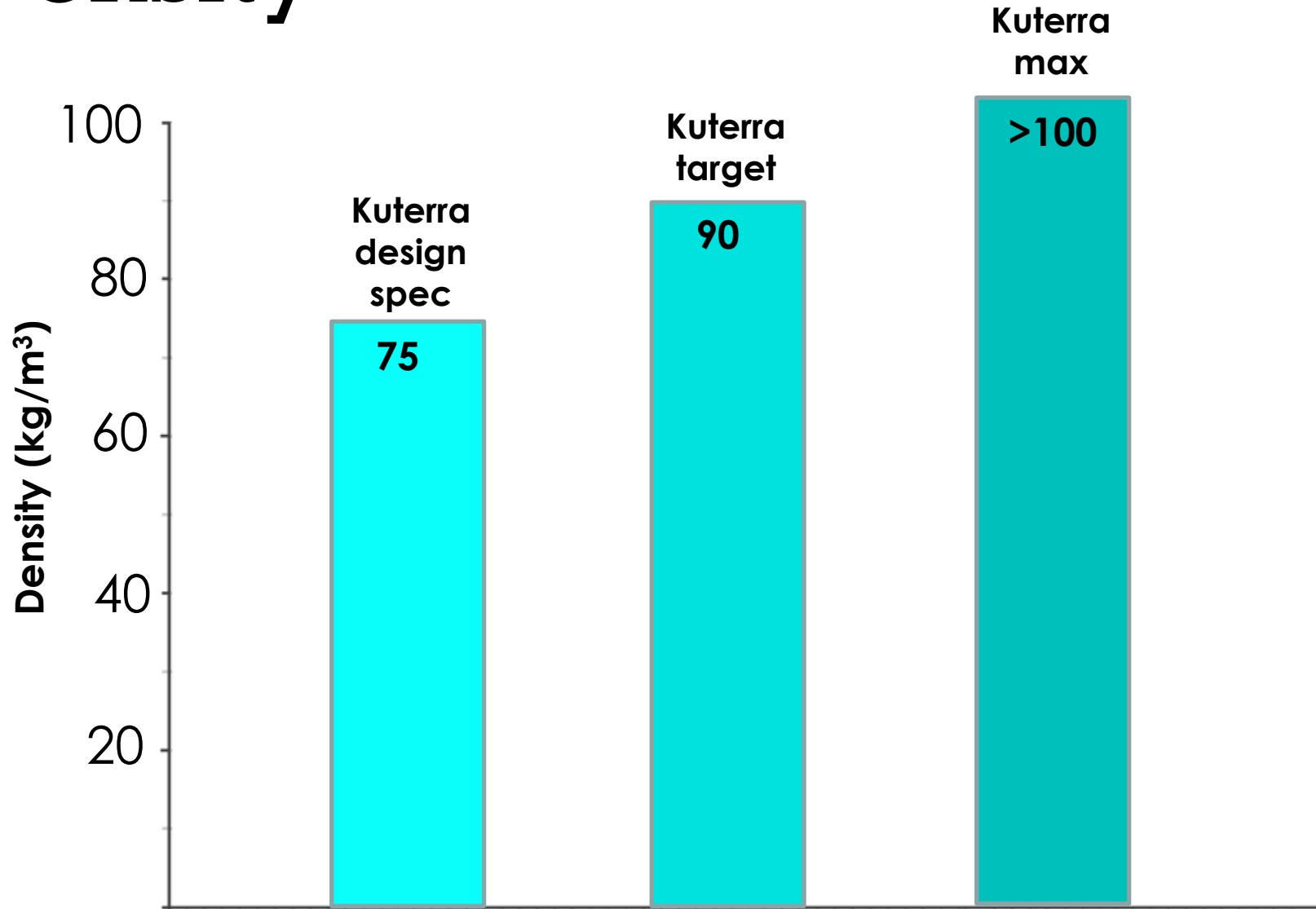


Mortality



Cohort	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Mortality (%)	24	13	29	22	6.4	3.3	3.4
Weeks at farm	harvest	harvest	harvest	harvest	50	39	27

Density





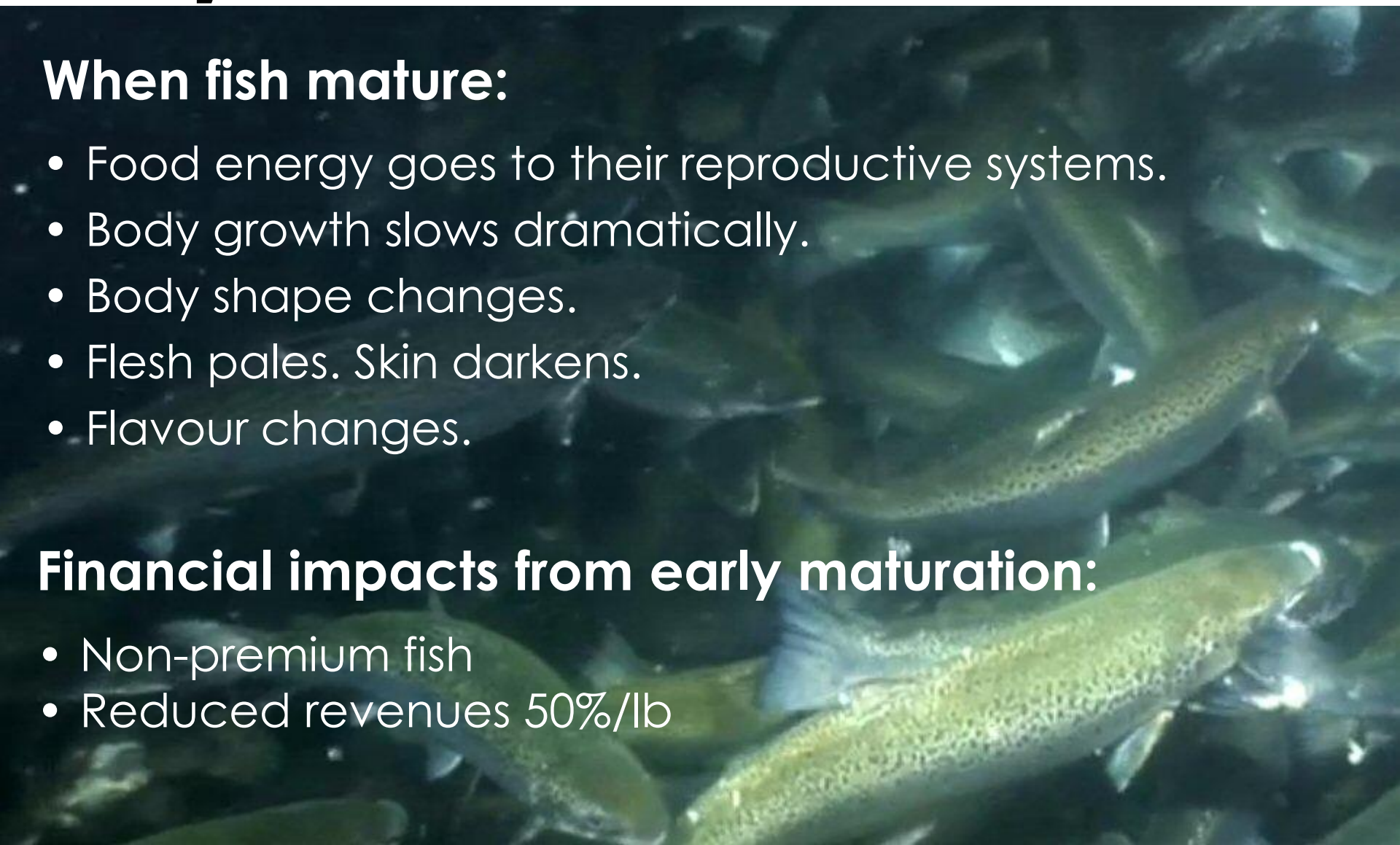
Early maturation

When fish mature:

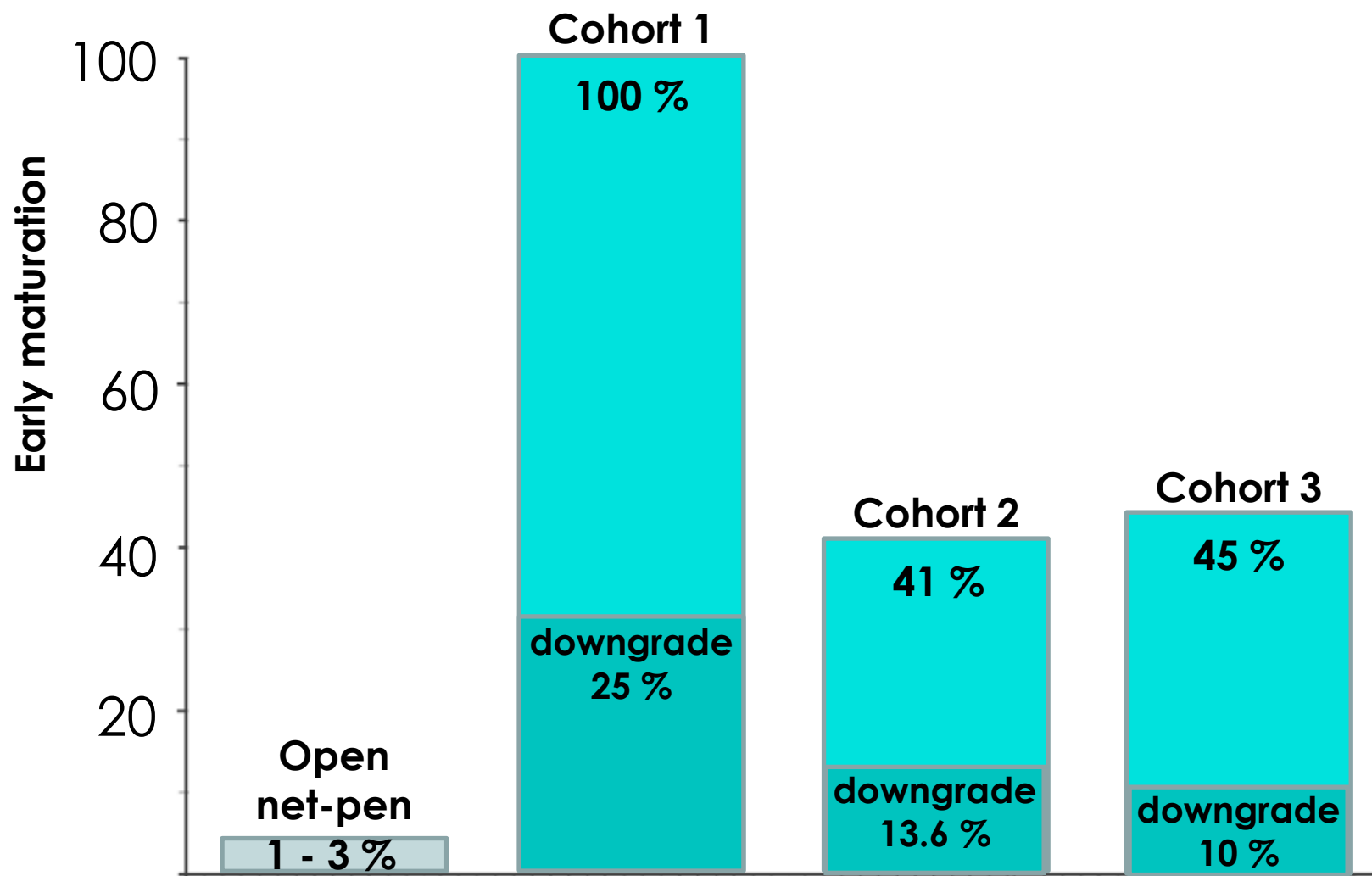
- Food energy goes to their reproductive systems.
- Body growth slows dramatically.
- Body shape changes.
- Flesh pales. Skin darkens.
- Flavour changes.

Financial impacts from early maturation:

- Non-premium fish
- Reduced revenues 50%/lb



Early maturation



Metrics review



2011 projected vs 2015 actual
performance metrics

	2011 projected	2015 actual
TGC	2.50	1.64
FCRb	1.05	1.03
Mortality	7.6 %	6.4 %
Density	90 kg/m ³	>100 kg/m ³
Harvest size	3-6 kg	3 kg

Optimizing performance



- Improve growth
- Reduce early maturation
- Reduce cataracts
- Determine optimal salinity



Economic feasibility



DEFINITION: Return on capital $> 20\%$
LOOKS PROMISING AT SCALE.

Next steps

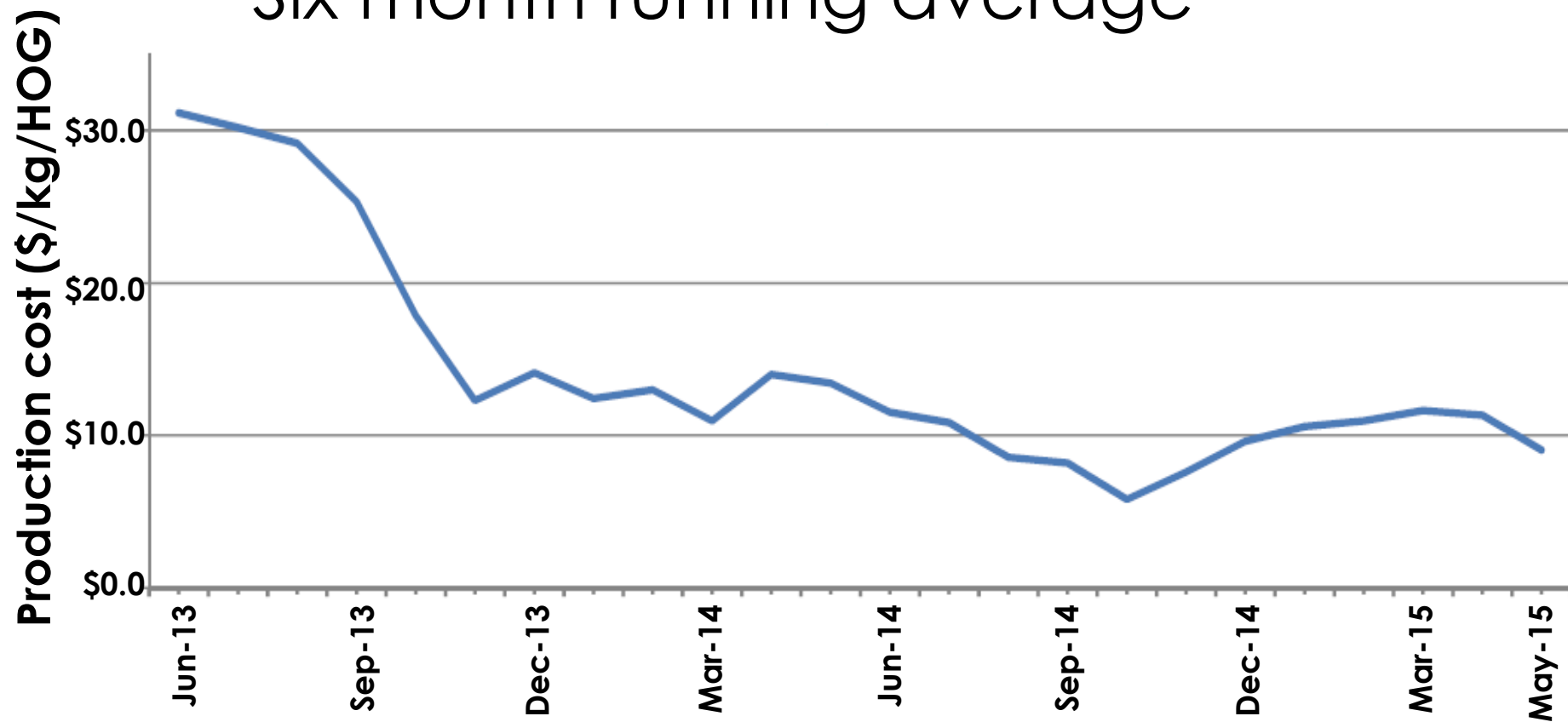
1. Steady state
2. Performance optimization
3. Hatchery
4. Scale-up



Production costs



Six month running average

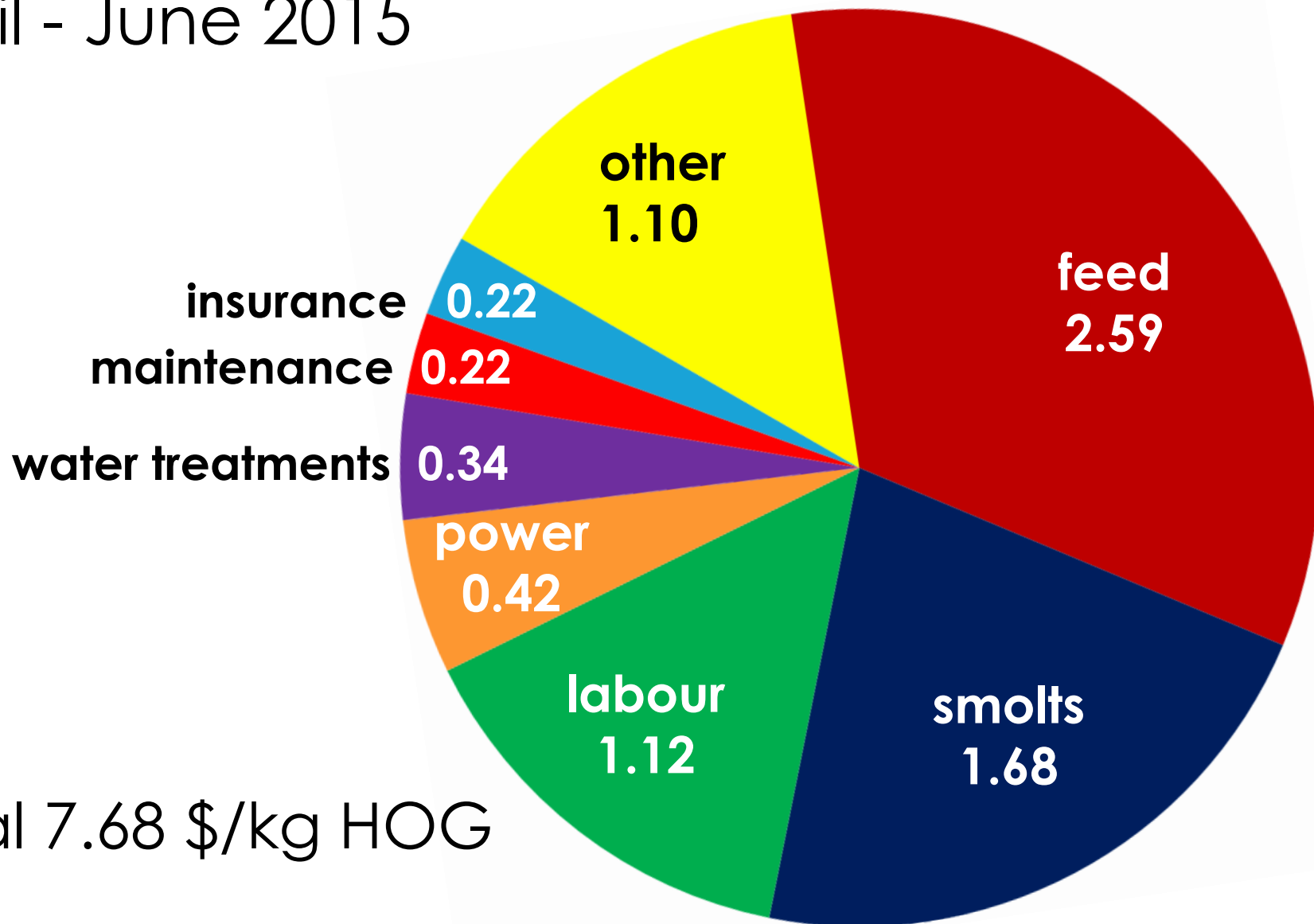


* \$ CDN are used throughout this presentation.

Production costs



April - June 2015



Total 7.68 \$/kg HOG

Economics review



2011 vs 2015 costs (\$/kg HOG)

	2011 projected	2015 actual
Capital cost	\$17/y	* \$24/y
Revenue	\$5.99	** \$9.04
Feed	\$ 2.10	\$ 2.29
Labour	0.90	1.12
Smolts	0.87	1.68
Power	0.43	0.42
Other	1.04	1.88
Total production	5.34	7.69

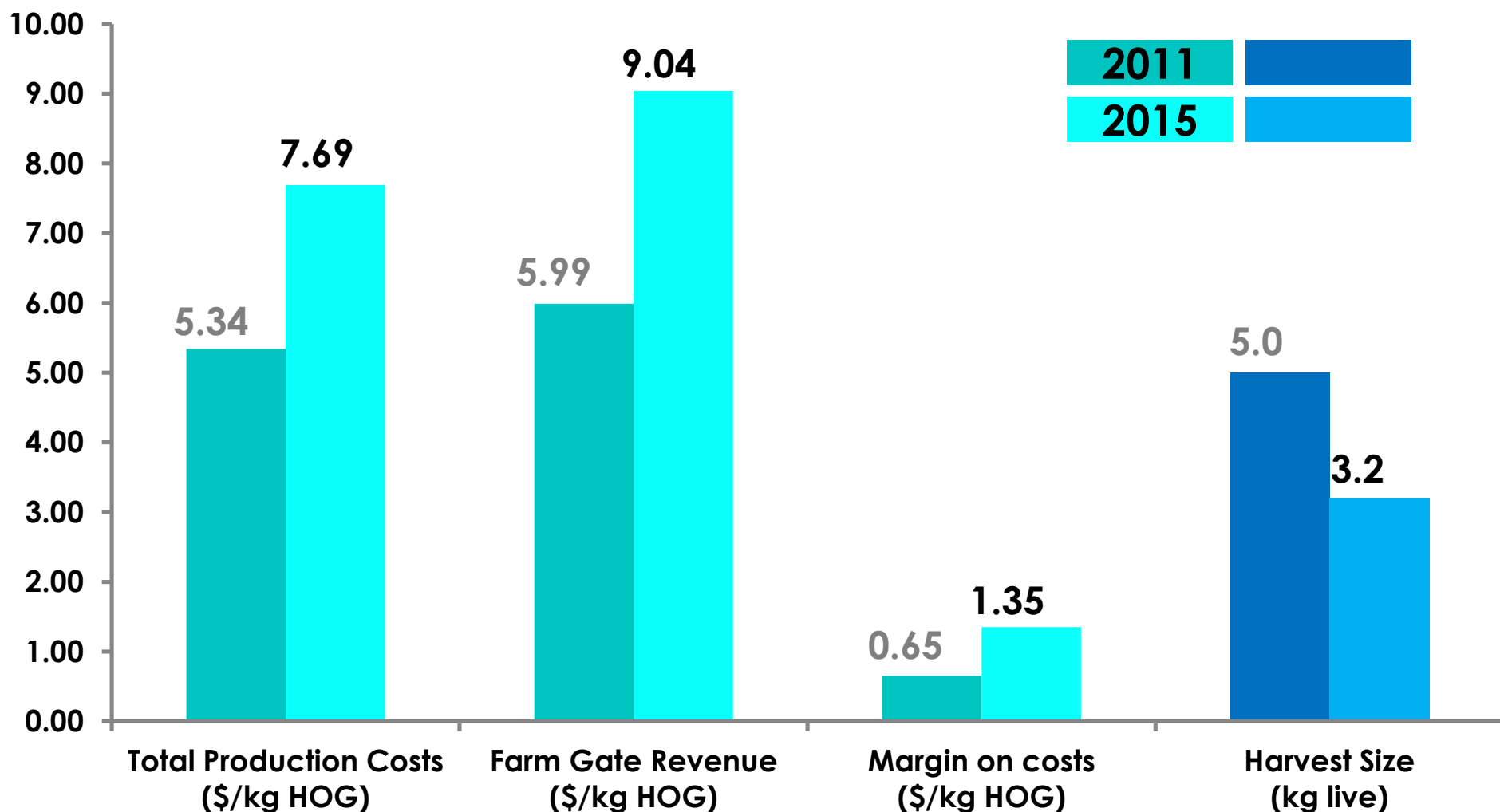
* For 400 mt/y

** Blended
(premium and
downgrades)

Economic review



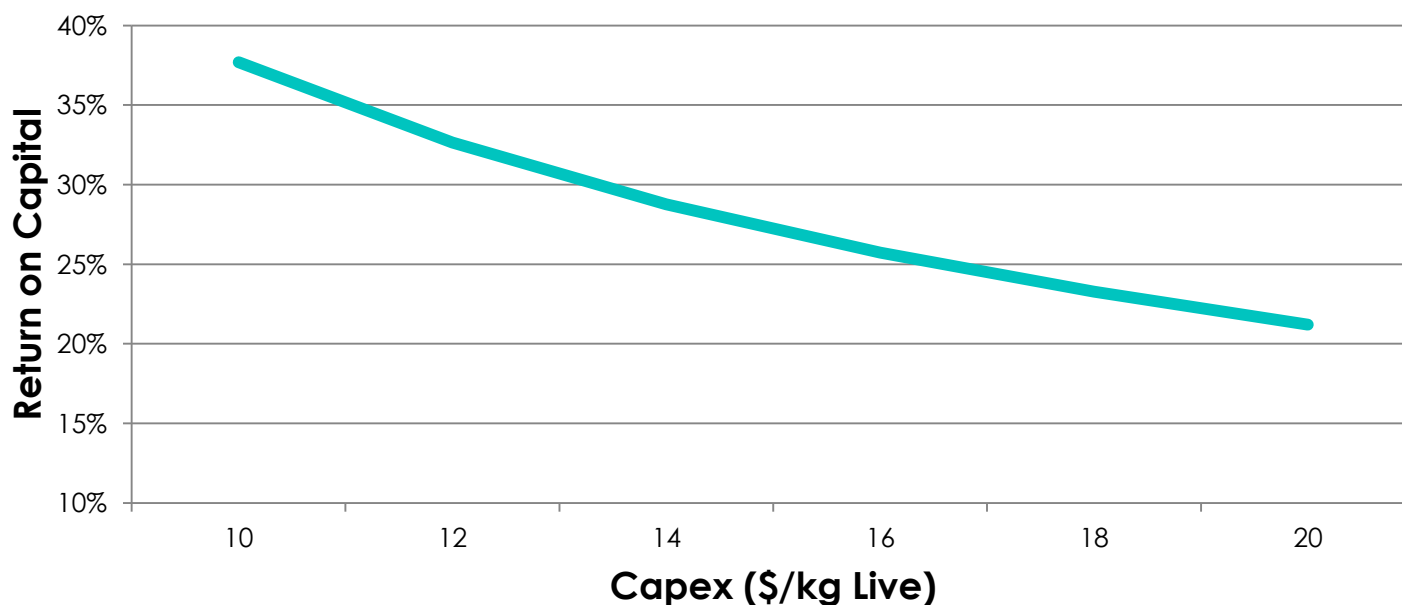
2011 projected vs 2015 actual





Preliminary projections

Return on Capital vs Capex (\$/kg live) for 3000 mT/y facility



Capex (\$/kg live)	10	12	14	16	18	20
Return on capital	38%	33%	29%	26%	23%	21%

ASSUMPTIONS

Capex: Construction cost (includes inventory build up)

Harvest: 6 kg live Downgrades: 5 % Smolts: \$2.50 ea

Product pricing



Substantial premium possible >30%

Pricing risks:

- downgrades
- market saturation



Chef Dan Norcott
Catch The Oyster Bar, Calgary

Product qualities



- Freshness, taste, texture, appearance
- No antibiotics, no hormones



Feed



Key issues for customers:

- Effect on nutrition
- Effect on food safety
- Wild fish content
- GMOs and animal byproducts
- Impact on taste



Environment



Impacts and benefits





We've also busted myths



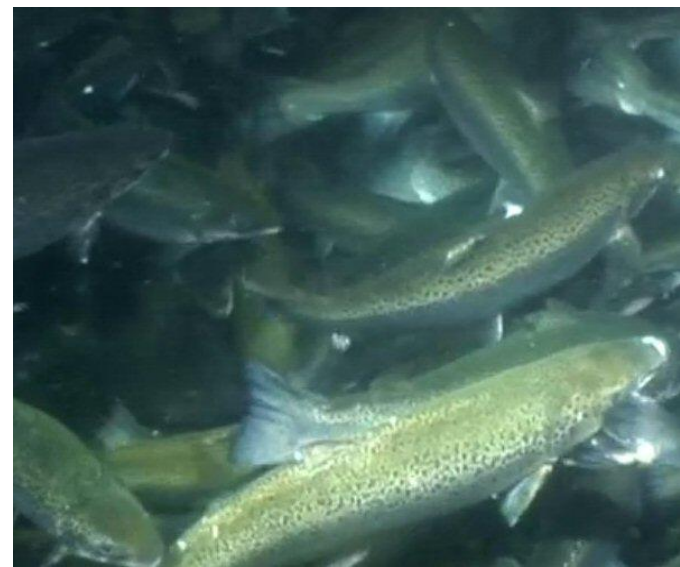
Land



Water



Power



Fish
Husbandry

What we've learned



It is possible to grow top quality Atlantic salmon for which consumers and chefs are willing to pay a premium price.

What we've learned



Land-based RAS farming of Atlantic salmon:

1. Can be environmentally benign
2. Is technologically feasible
3. Is biologically feasible
4. Is expected to generate returns of $> 20\%$ per year at scale, once technological and biological elements are optimized.



KUTERRA.com

[http://tidescanada.org/programs/
salmon-aquaculture-innovation-fund/](http://tidescanada.org/programs/salmon-aquaculture-innovation-fund/)



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