

A circular inset image showing several Atlantic salmon swimming in water. The fish are silvery with dark spots and are positioned around the central text.

Atlantic Salmon Growout Trials in Freshwater Closed- Containment Systems at the Conservation Fund Freshwater Institute

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Acknowledgments

- Support for **The Conservation Fund Freshwater Institute:**
 - **U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service**
 - 1st salmon studies finished in 2011
 - Gaspe and St John River strain
 - **Atlantic Salmon Federation**
 - 2nd Growout Trial finished in 2012
 - St John River strain salmon were harvested at 24-26 months post-hatch
 - **Moore Foundation**
 - 3th Growout Trial
 - Cascade strain salmon now 20 months post-hatch



Containment is Necessary for Sustainable Aquaculture

- Land-based, closed-containment systems:
 - Exclude chemicals & obligate pathogens
 - No pesticides, antibiotics, & chemotherapeutics in closed-containments systems w/ over 10 yrs operation at TCFFI
 - Prevent escapees & disease interaction between wild & farmed fish
 - Minimize water use & release of pollution
 - Optimize water temperature & photoperiod
 - Locate farm where electric & land are cheap
 - US\$ 0.02-0.06 / KWH

Atlantic Salmon Federation Funded Growout Trial

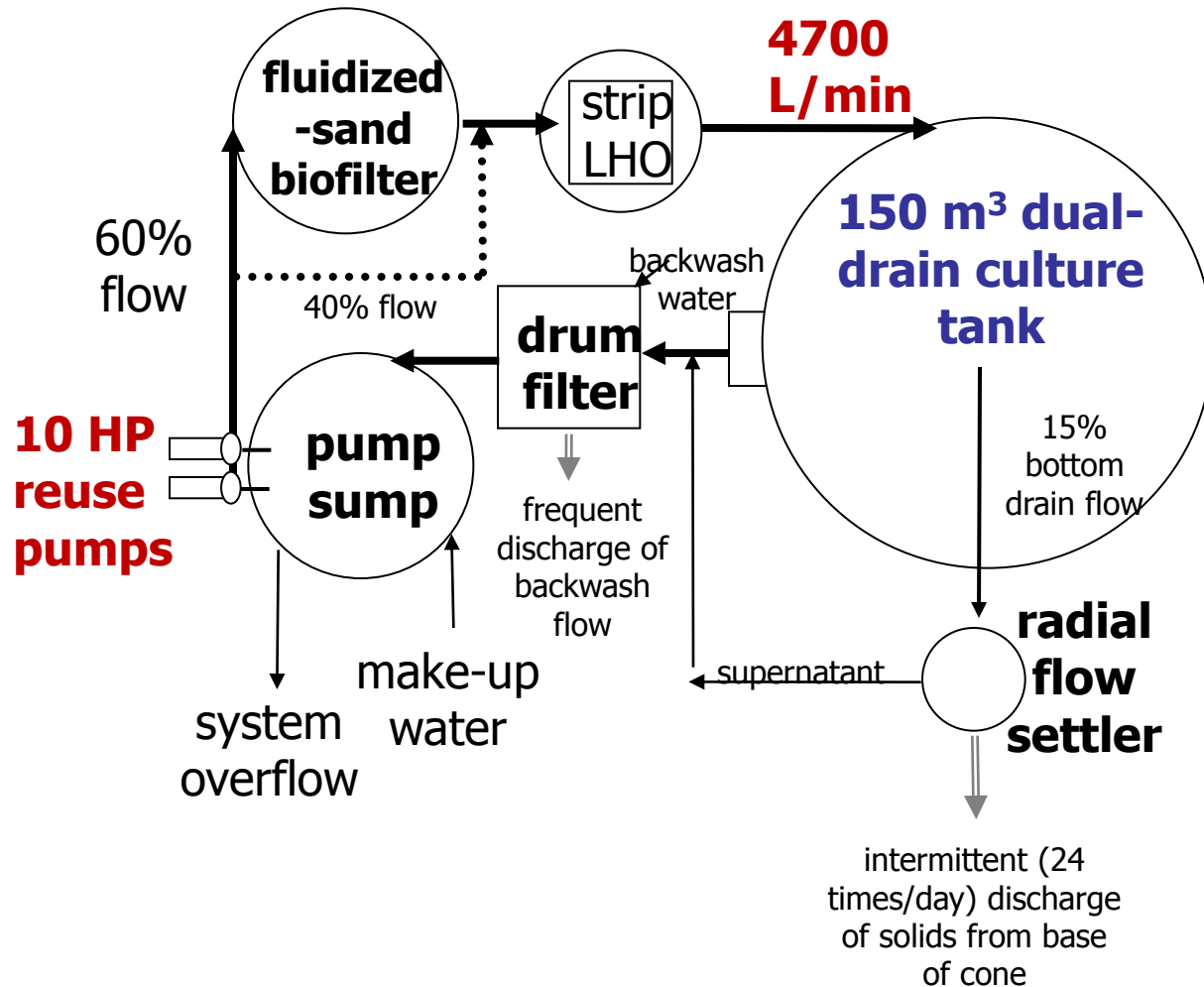
- Atlantic Salmon, Saint John River strain (Cooke)
- Jan 2010 - Eyed eggs arrive
- March 2010 - First Feeding
- May 1, 2011 Stocked into growout at 340 g
- Feb 27, 2012 – First harvest at 4 kg/fish



Precocious males ($\sim 10\%$) before start of production trial



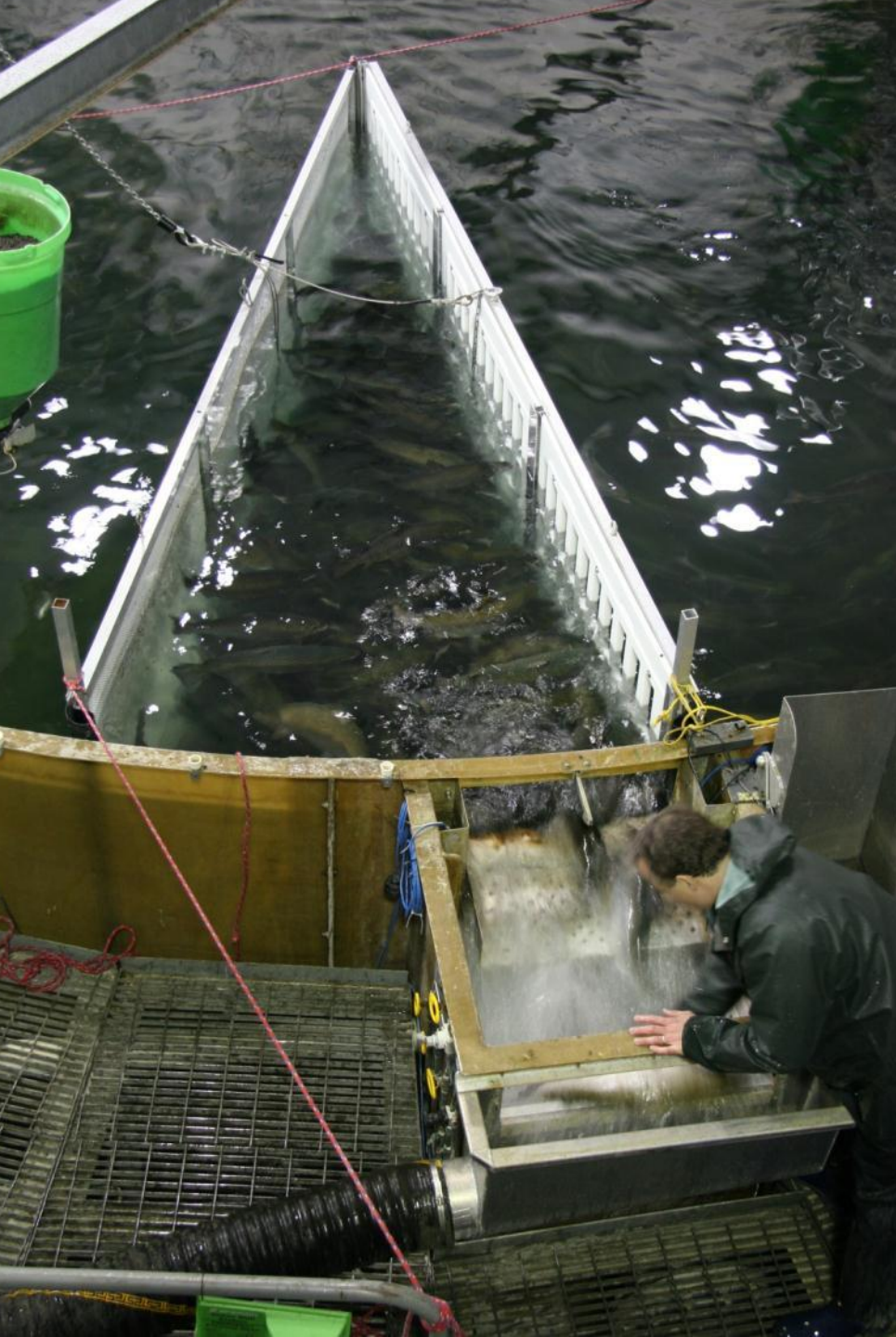
Process Flow Drawing of Closed-Containment System



Closed-Containment System

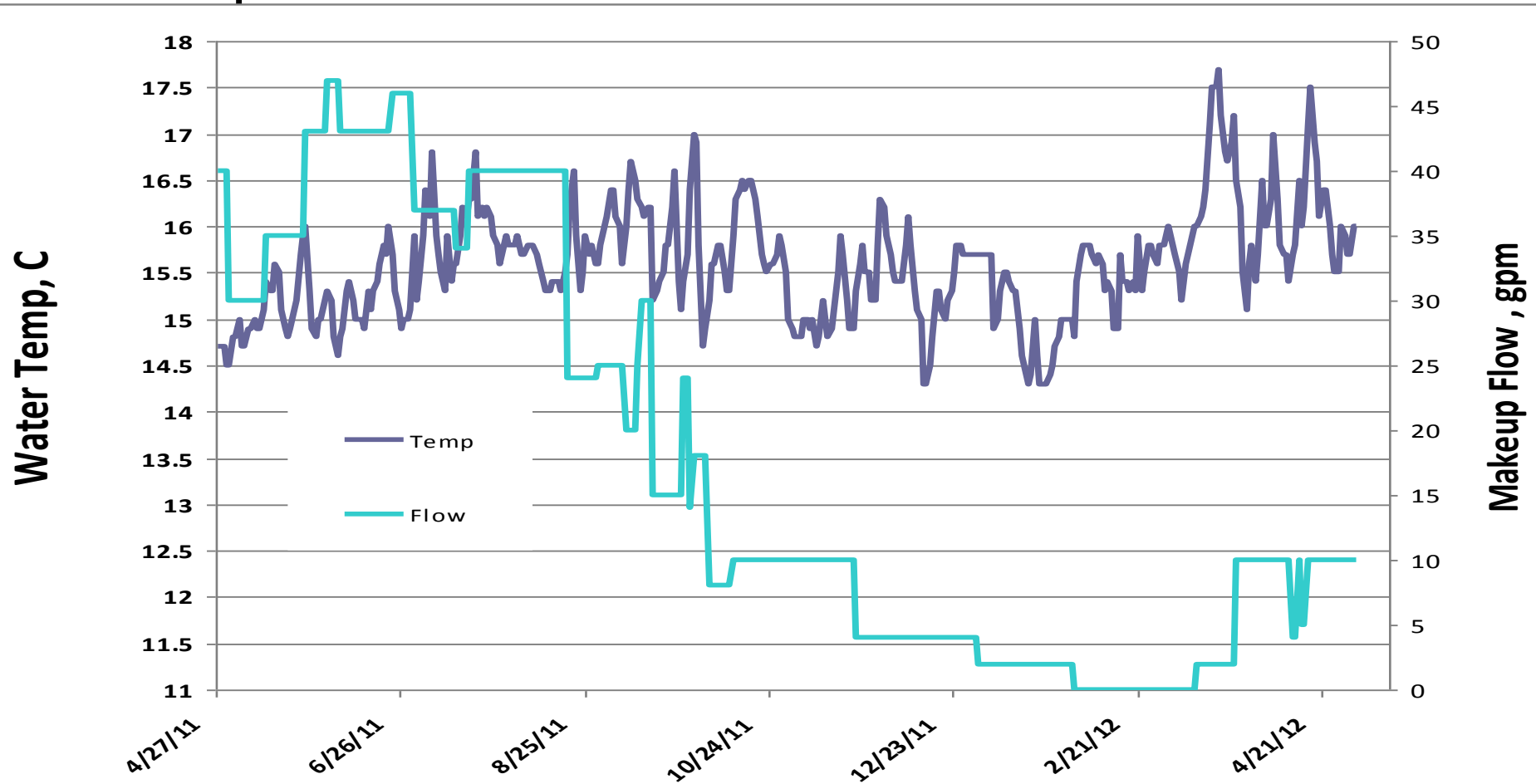
- 150 m³ Culture Tank Volume
 - 4900 L/min recirc flow
 - 30 min HRT
- 260 m³ System Volume
 - 12 to 140 L/min make up water flowrate
 - 15 to 1.3 day HRT
 - 99.8 to 97.2% flow reuse

High flushing rate to keep water $\leq 16.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ in summer



Water Temperature Control

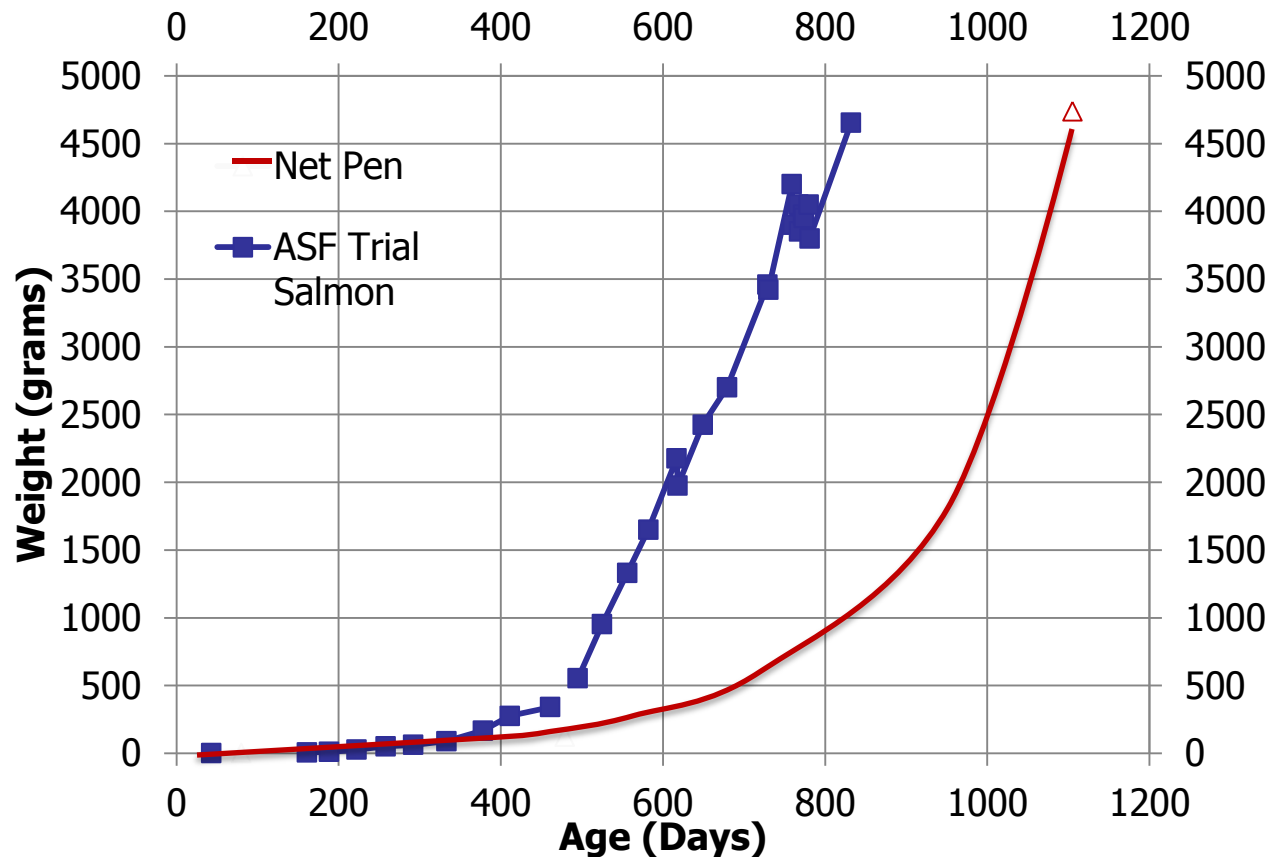
- Makeup water flow adjusted to maintain water temperature at 14.5-16.5°C



Grow-Out Trial Results: Water Quality

- Mean Water Quality in Culture Tank
 - Temperature 15.5°C
 - Dissolved Oxygen 10.8 mg/L
 - Dissolved Carbon Dioxide 9.2 mg/L
 - Total Ammonia Nitrogen 0.11 mg/L
 - Nitrite Nitrogen 0.01 mg/L
 - Nitrate Nitrogen 20 mg/L
 - Total Suspended Solids 1.3 mg/L
 - Total Phosphorus 0.87 mg/L

Atlantic Salmon Growth



Net pens growth data in Maine (Wolters, 2010)

Harvested Males

- 2 kg, Sept 30, 2011
- 3.5 kg, Jan 20, 2012



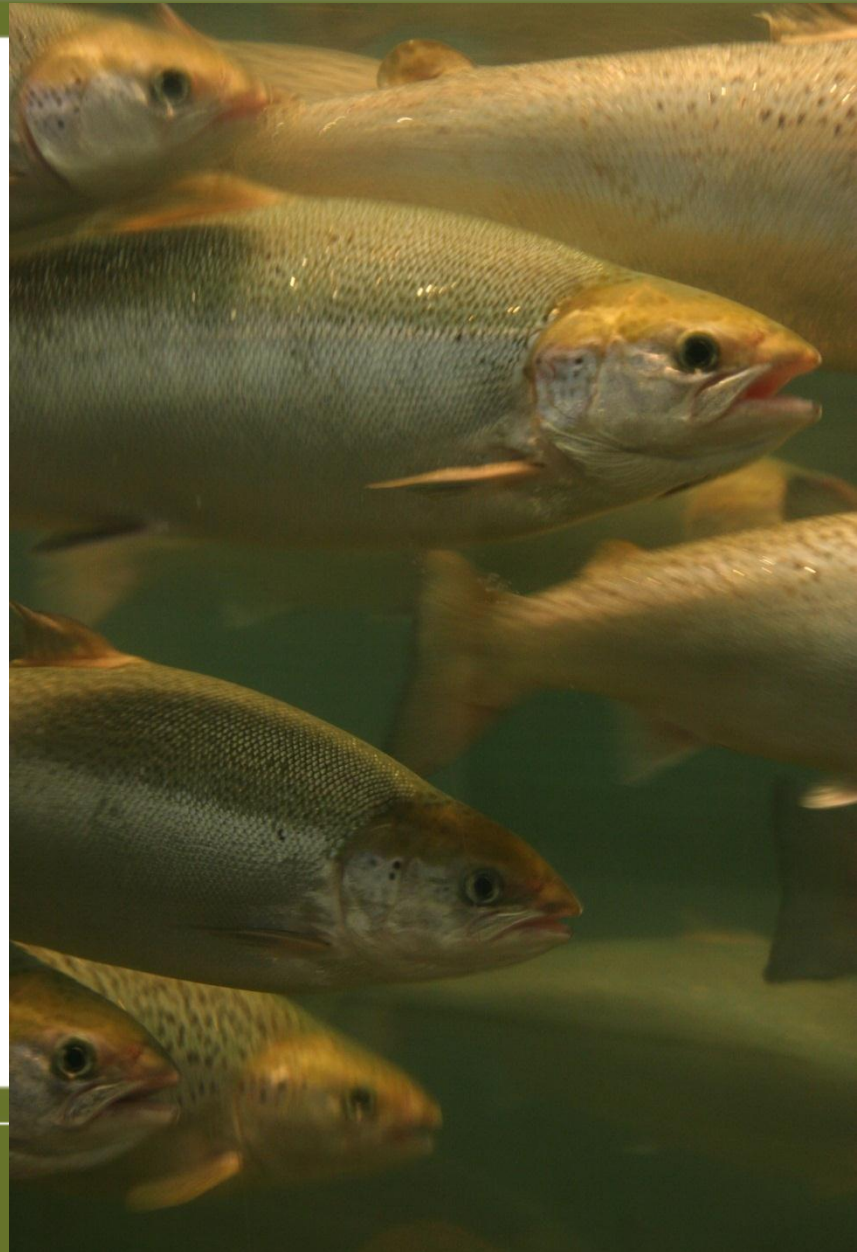
Primary Harvests

- Harvested Premium Salmon from Feb 20 to May 2, 2012
 - 4 kg mean size
 - ~7 tonne produced = 15,000 pound

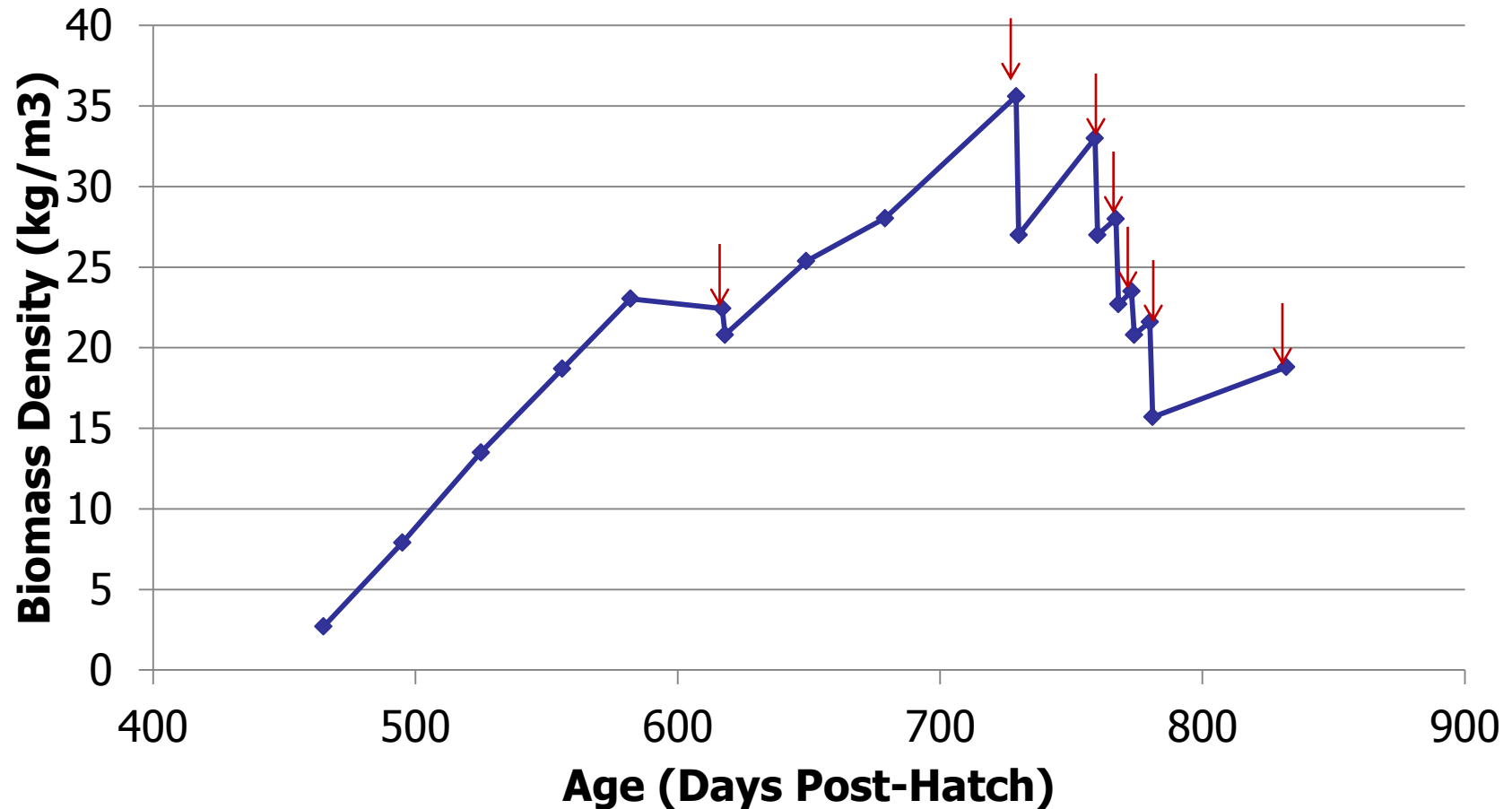


Mortality, Jumpers, and Culls

- Mortality 3.9%
- Culls 5.6%
- Jumpers 1.9%
- Total 11.4%



Salmon Biomass Density



vertical arrows indicate harvest events

ASF Grow-Out Trial Results St John River Strain

- **Feed Conversion of 1.09 feed : 1.0 gain**
- Commercial diet with 40:30 protein: fat
- 1.7 condition factor (net pen industry is ~ 1.3) @ final harvest

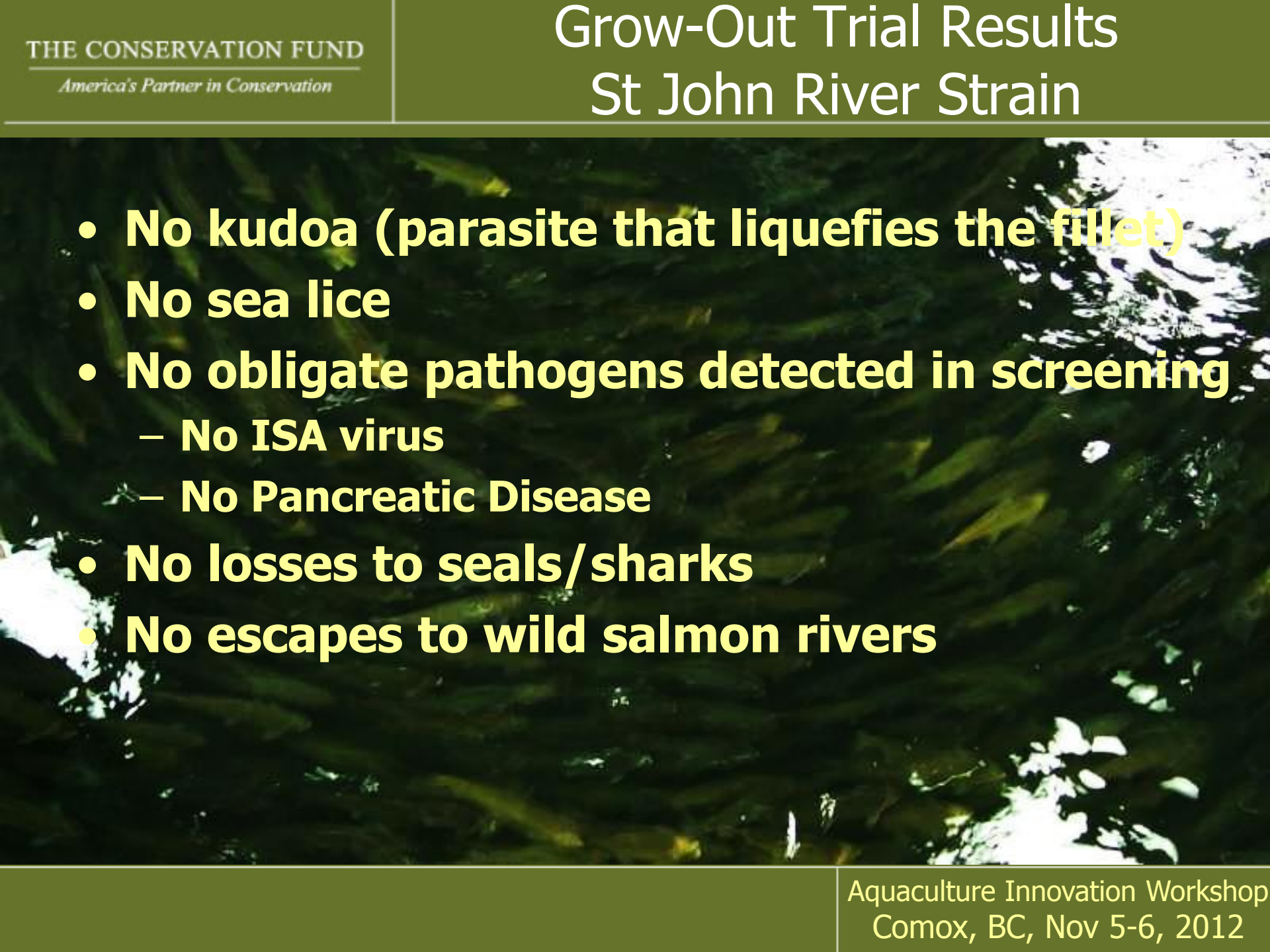


Escapees

- **No fish observed in the effluent fish exclusion area.**



Grow-Out Trial Results St John River Strain

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- **No kudoa (parasite that liquefies the fillet)**
 - **No sea lice**
 - **No obligate pathogens detected in screening**
 - **No ISA virus**
 - **No Pancreatic Disease**
 - **No losses to seals/sharks**
 - **No escapes to wild salmon rivers**

Chemotherapeutics Used in Salmon Growout Trial

- No vaccination (saves \$\$ & stress)
- No antibiotics or pesticides used at any time
- No formalin used at any time
- Small amount of hydrogen peroxide used in the sac fry and early parr stage for fungus.
- Total salt used to treat fungus: 14,400 lbs.

Product Quality Results

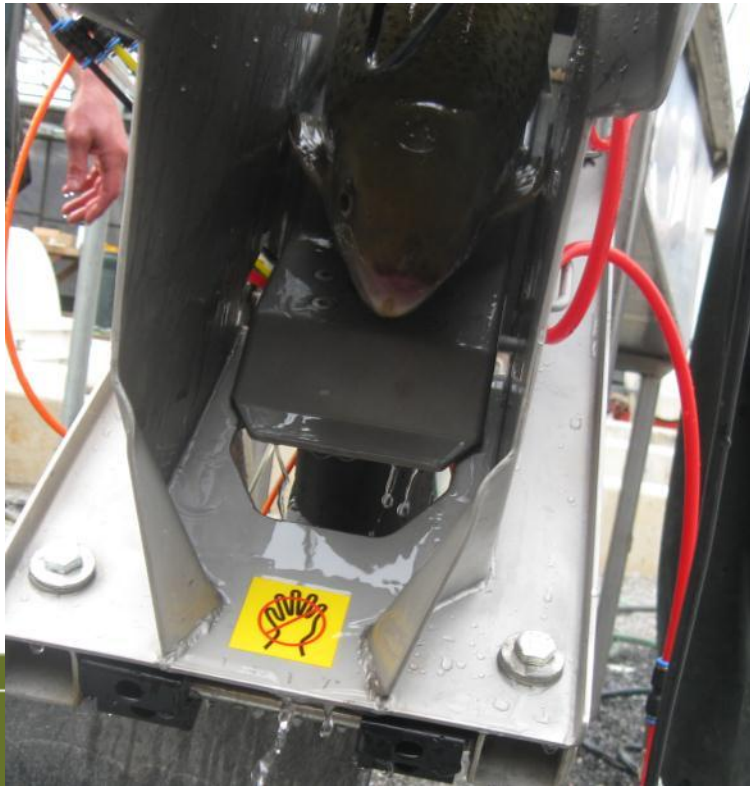
- **MUST DEPURATE salmon for 10 days** after removing harvested fish from recycle system
 - Depurate in partial reuse system with little biofilm
 - Purges off-flavors, i.e., geosmin and MIB, produced by bacteria (***actinomyces***)



Post-Harvest Slaughter

Rapid & Humane

- Percussive Stunning
 - MODEL SI-7 (Seafood Innovations)



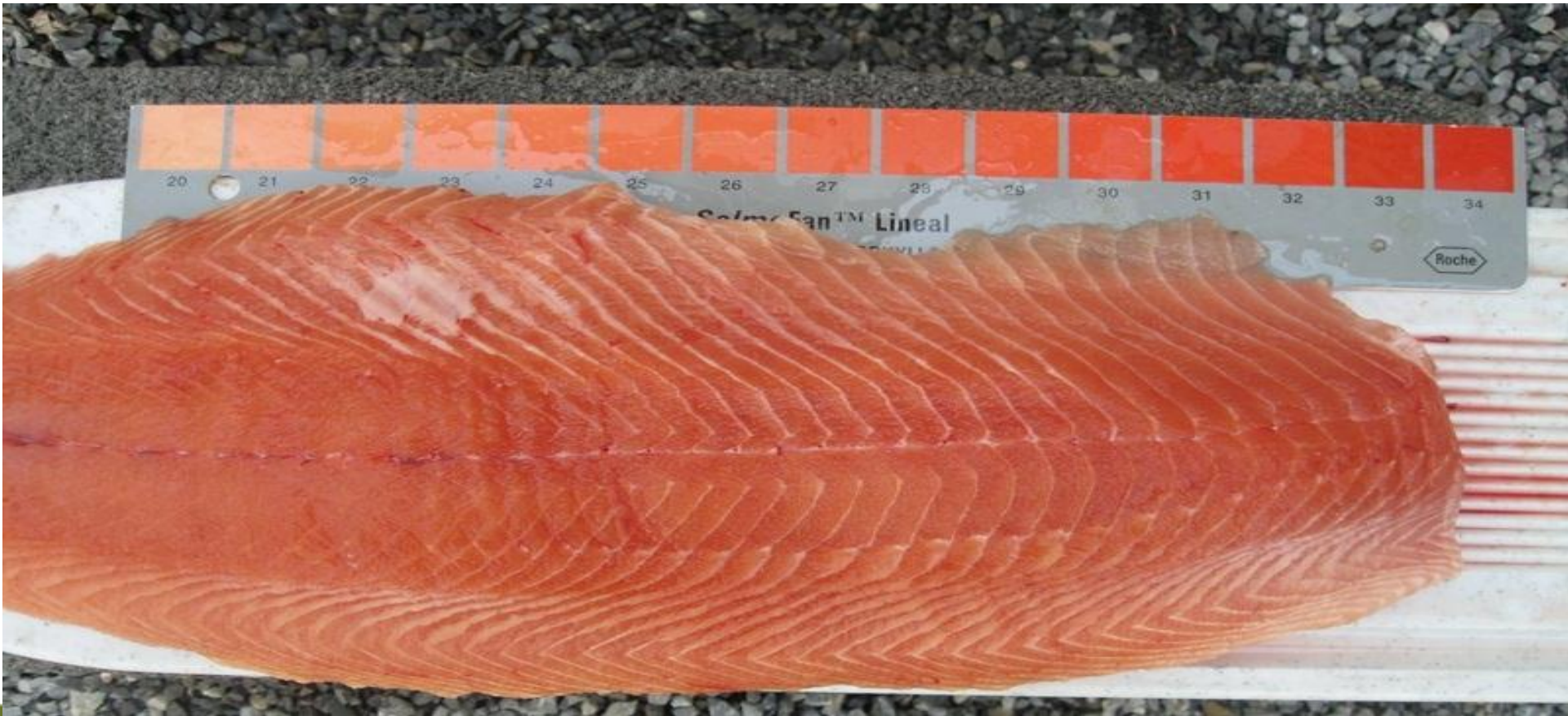
Growout Trial Results: Product Quality

- High condition factor (1.7)
- Good fillet yield (58% skin-off & trimmed)

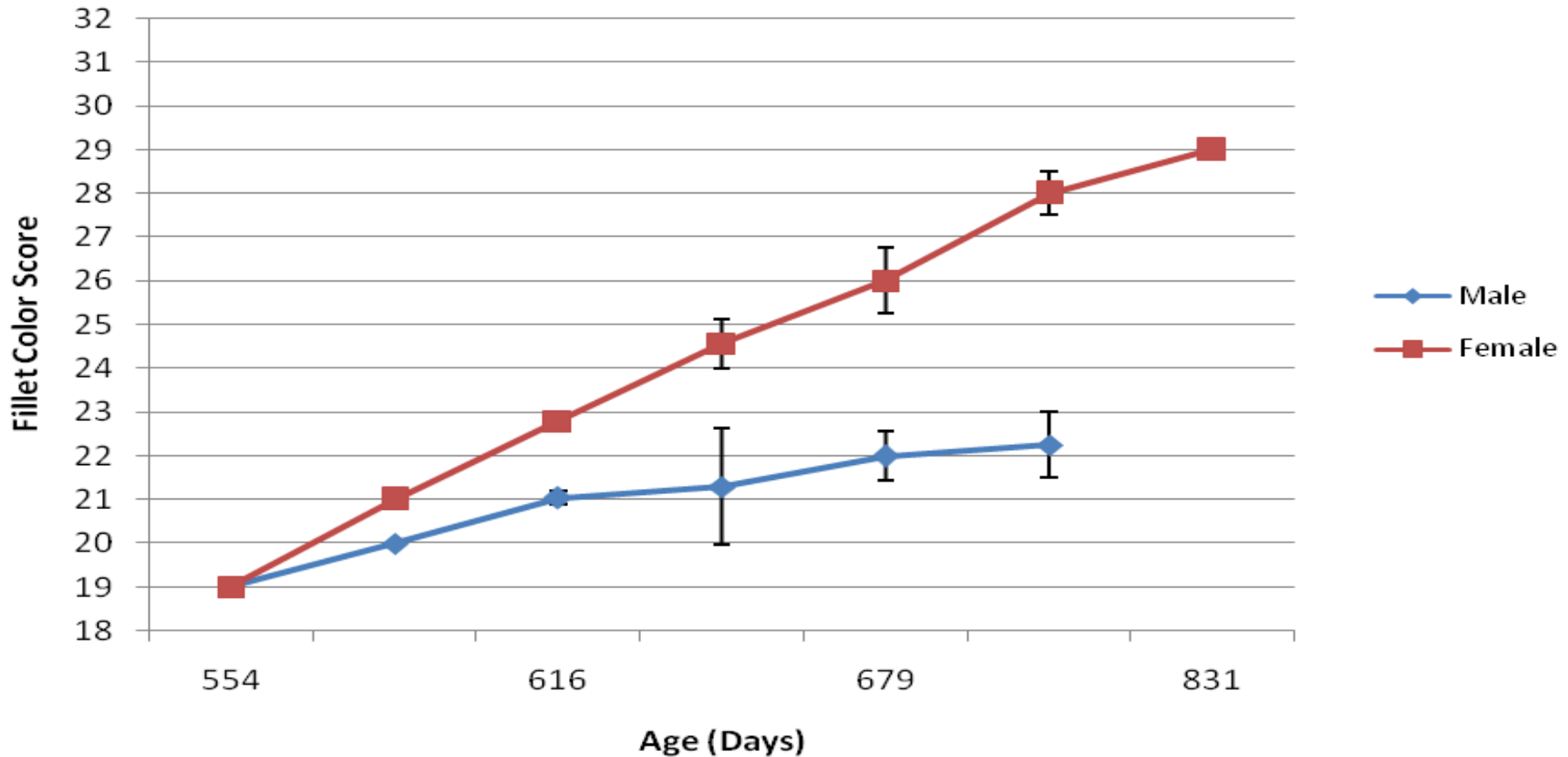


Growout Trial Results: Product Quality

- Good fillet color (28-30) & lipid content (16%)



Fillet Color Scores based on Salmo fan



- Two blind taste test panels of seafood professionals in Seattle indicated preference for Freshwater Institute salmon cultured in RAS and depurated 10 days vs. commercially available ocean-raised A. salmon
 - Cooked flavor
 - Cooked smell
 - Cooked texture

Growout Trial Results: Early Maturing Male

- 80% of male salmon matured early
- 40% of all fish removed as early maturing males
 - approximately half at 2 kg and half at 3.5 kg
- Few sexually mature females

Suggests use of an all
female salmon or late
maturing strain for
freshwater growout



Moore Foundation Funded Growout Trial

- Atlantic salmon - Cascade Strain
 - eggs purchased from American Gold Seafood
- Jan 2011 – Eyed eggs received
- March 2011 - First feeding
- Aug-Sept 2011 – Photoperiod manipulated to S0 smolt
- September 2011 - Moved into advanced nursery system
- March 2012 – Moved into growout system



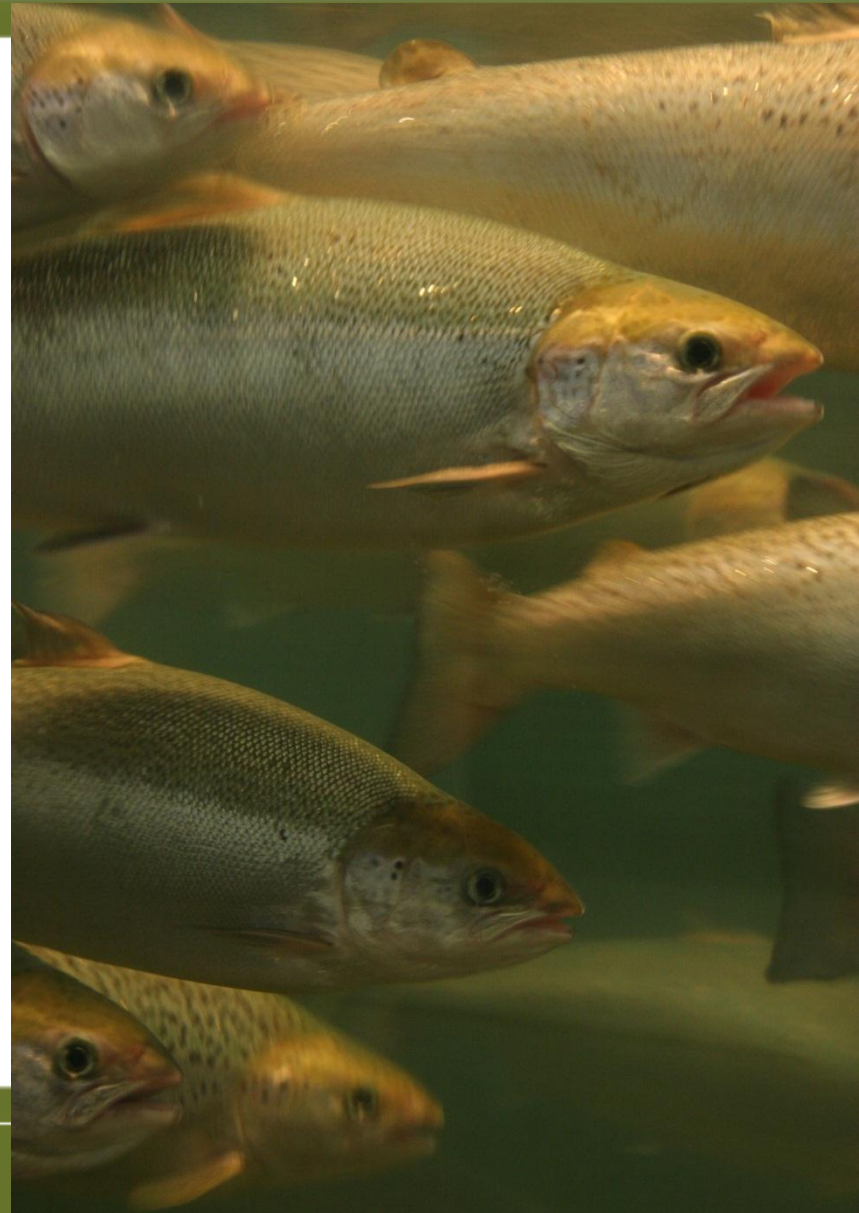
Moore Foundation Trial Results to Date - Cascade Strain

- **Feed conversion of 1.01 feed : 1.0 gain**
- **Good fin condition**
- **No sea lice**
- **Obligate pathogens screening will be conducted before harvest**

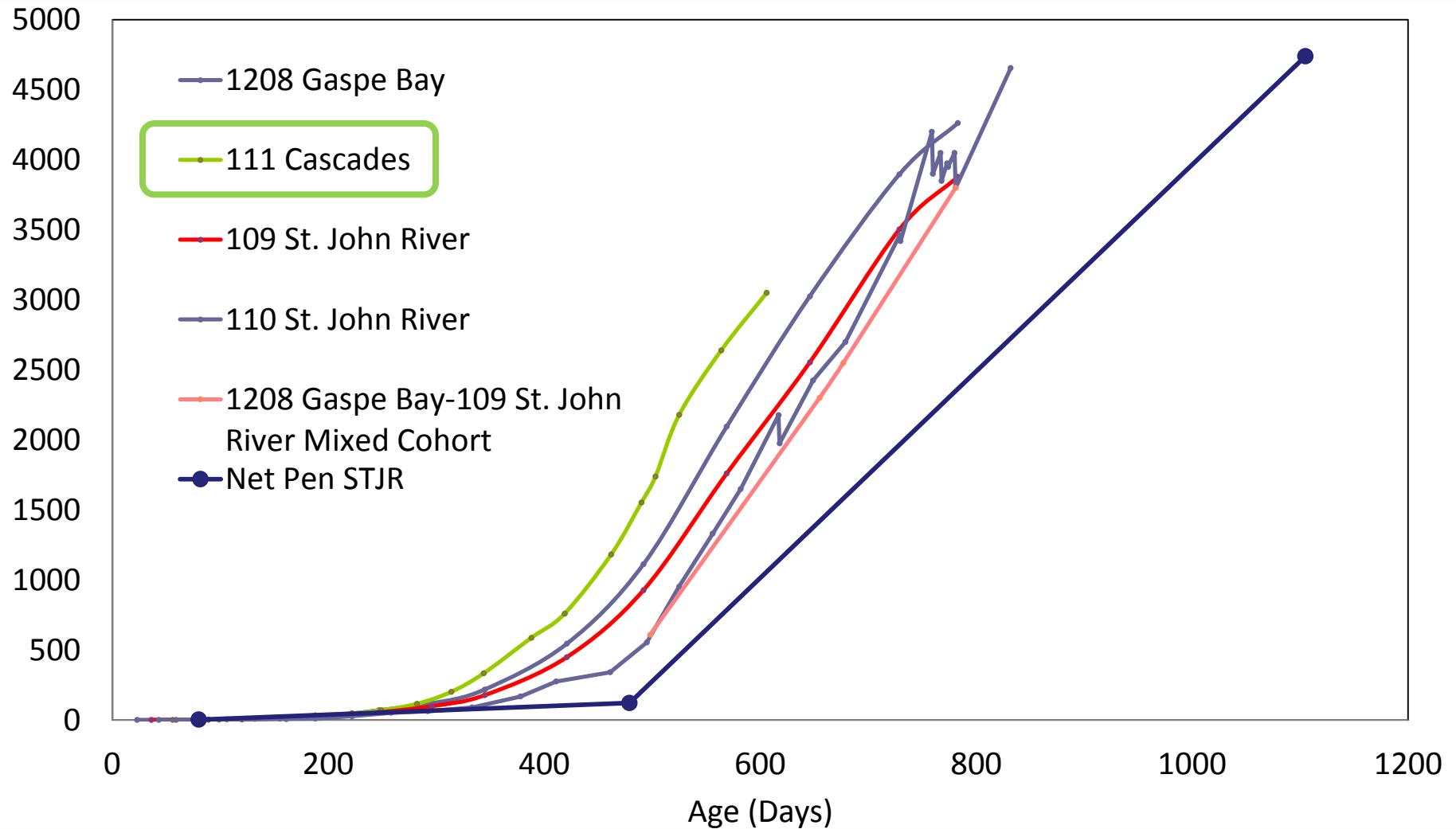


Moore Foundation Trial Results to Date - Cascade Strain

- Mortality 0.8%
- Culls 1.1%
- Jumpers 0.2%
- Total 2.1%



Moore Foundation Trial Results to Date - Cascade Strain



Moore Foundation Trial Results to Date - Cascade Strain

- 37% of the population harvested Sept, 2012
 - biomass at 100 kg/m³
 - mean fish size at 2.64 kg.
 - 5.4 metric tonne (12,000 lb)
 - sold to a local processor for hot smoking.

Moore Foundation Trial Results to Date - Cascade Strain

- Premium salmon:
 - mean size of 4 kg in early December 2012
 - 22 months post-hatch
 - biomass density will be 100 kg/m³
 - harvests begin in December, run through February,
 - produce another 15-18 metric tonne
 - selling to Albion Fisheries
- Total Production Expected: 21-23 tonne

Moore Foundation Trial Results to Date - Cascade Strain

- No vaccination (saves \$\$ & stress)
- No antibiotics or pesticides used at any time
- No formalin used at any time
- Small amount of hydrogen peroxide (H_2O_2) used in the sac fry and early parr stage to treat fungus.
- Total salt used to treat fungus: 8070 lbs.

CONCLUSIONS:

Atlantic Salmon Growout Trial

- Good growth in freshwater
 - Harvest 8-9 months sooner than net pens
- Good survival (90+%) and feed conversion (1.09:1)
- Density can reach 100 kg/m³
- Should use all female eggs to avoid precocious males

We don't need seawater to farm Atlantic salmon



Additional Research Needs

MINIMIZE EARLY MATURING FISH

- Identify the optimum photoperiod
 - 18 hr light vs. 24 hr light during 1st year (+ S0 winter)
 - ASF & Moore Foundation funded study
 - Cascade salmon are now 60 g in S0 winter
- Identify the best seedstock for land-based closed-containment systems
 - Late maturing & rapid growing Norwegian strains
 - All female eggs & triploids
 - Need funding (eggs to arrive this winter)