

### **Outline**

- Brief intro to Krüger Kaldnes
- Kaldnes® RAS
- Macro trends in Salmon aquaculture
- New production schemes
- High priority R&D
- Concluding remarks

# Krüger Kaldnes AS

Krüger Kaldnes AS is Norway's leading contractor within the water industry. As a part of Veolia Water, we have access to technologies and expertise that enables us to offer the most in water and wastewater treatment.

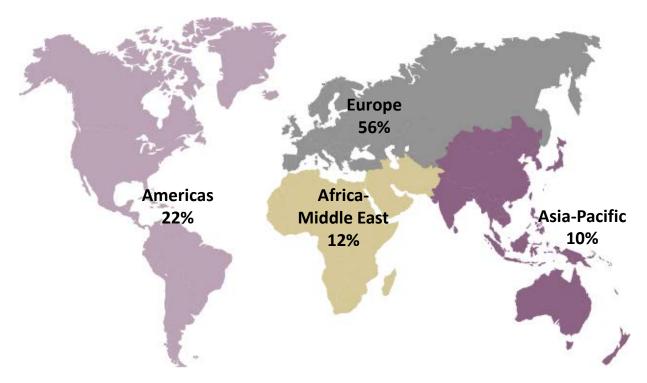


# Business Areas – Krüger Kaldnes



## **Veolia Water Technologies**

~11.000 employees in 57 countries



### Background to Krüger Kaldnes' involvement in RAS



### Biomedia for aquaculture



2008

MBBR to Nofima - largest R&D RAS facility in Europe.



2009

Marine Harvest Dalsfjord



2016 <del>→</del>

Leading RAS supplier for large facilities





### Kaldnes® RAS

Compact and efficient



### The ultimate combination

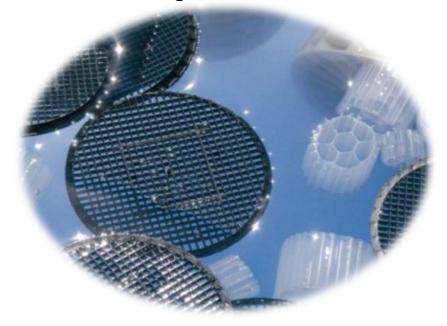
### **HYDROTECH** Micro screens

- Market leading
- Designed for aquaculture
- High hydraulic capacity
- Easy to operate



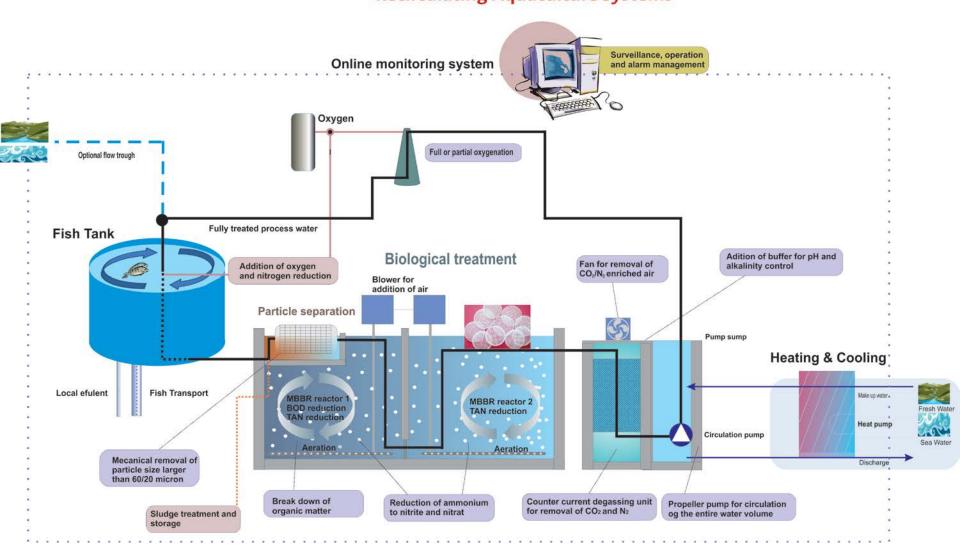
### **ANOXKALDNES™** MBBR

- "The biological engine" of Kaldnes® RAS
- Sheltered biofilm
- No clogging
- No back flushing

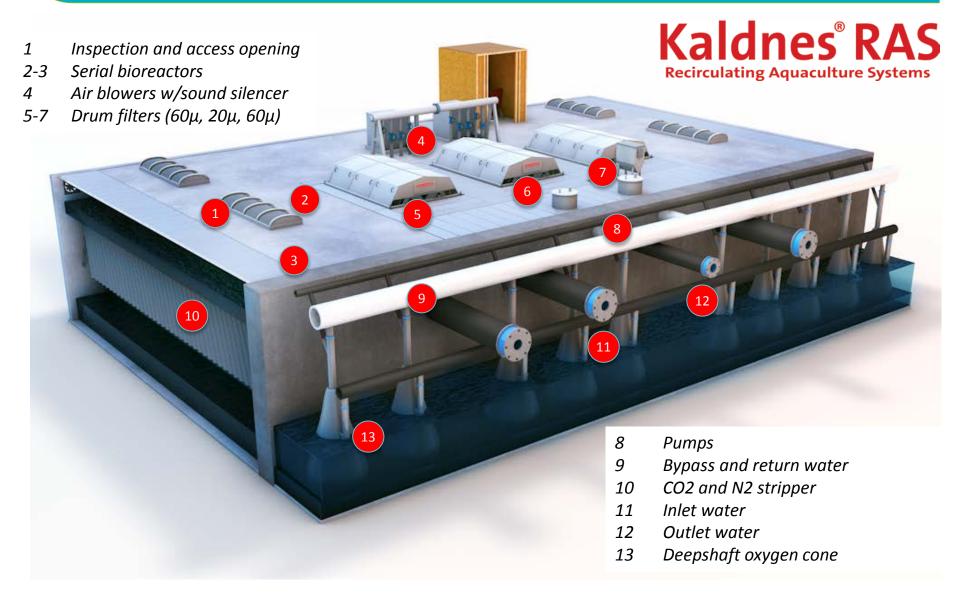


### Schematic view of concept

# Kaldnes® RAS Recirculating Aquaculture Systems



### The core technology!

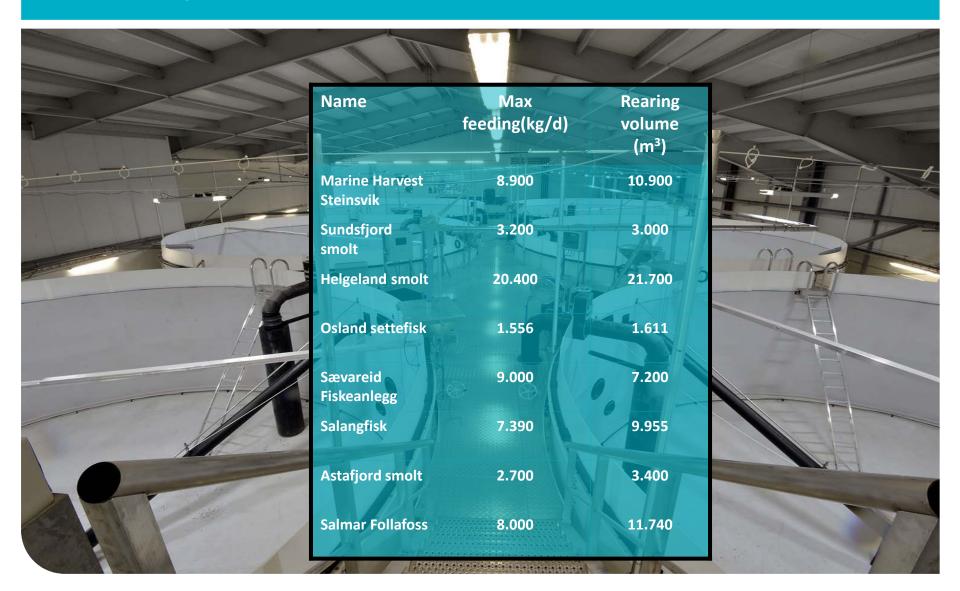




# Kaldnes® RAS in practice



# Recent references for smolt/postsmolt in Norway

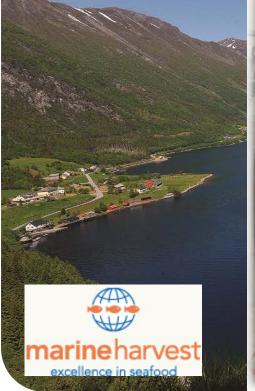














### **Helgeland smolt**



### **Helgeland smolt**



- 4,5 million post smolts 450 g/yr
- 21 700 m3 rearing volume
- 20 MT feed/d



## **Helgeland smolt**



### Kaldnes® RAS in Practice

### Valperca (CH)

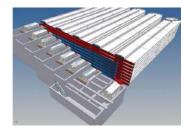
500 kg feed/day





### Seafarm BV (NL)

200 MT Turbot/yr Multilevel shallow Raceways (8 layers)





### Viet Uc (Vietnam)

container RAS 150 kg feed/day





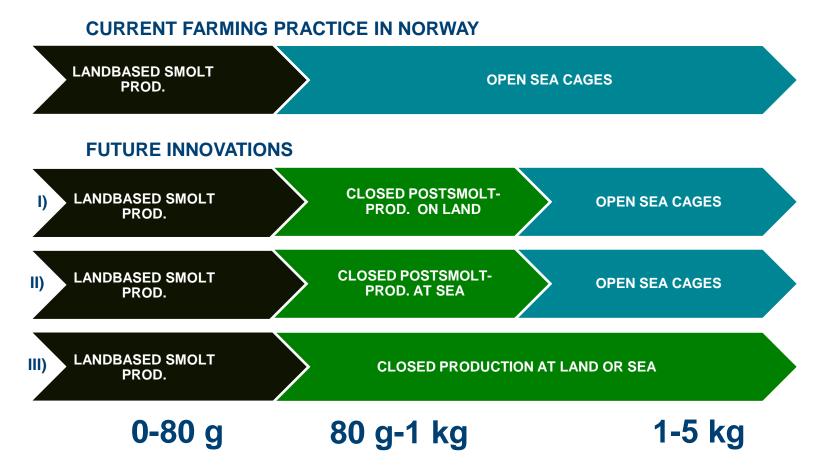




# Macro trends in Salmon aquaculture



### Macro trends in industrial Salmon aquaculture



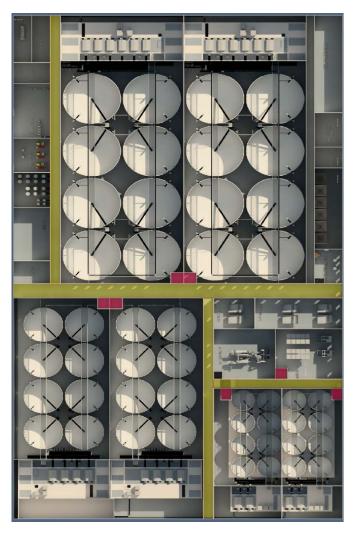
Terjesen et al. 2014



### Macro trends in industrial Salmon aquaculture

- Post smolt (0,25 − 1 kg) becomes «the normal»
  - Control of sea lice
  - Increased production capacity in excisting seawater locations
  - Better overall economy
- Strongly incrased production capacity in new smolt farms
  - more postsmolt
  - higher total number of smolt (>> 300 M/yr)
  - 2008: large RAS = 2 ton feed/d, 250 400m<sup>3</sup> fish tanks
  - 2016: large RAS = 20 ton feed/d,  $750 >1000 \text{ m}^3$  fish tanks
  - Requests for larger projects (100+ ton feed/d)
- More focus on closed containment systems (CCS) at sea
  - Both flow through and RAS
  - Sea lice control
- Full production cycle on land is increasing
  - High growth is expected
- Sludge capture and treatment
  - Sludge as resource (energy, fertilizer, spin off products etc)
  - Phosphorous recapture?

### Norewegian outlook

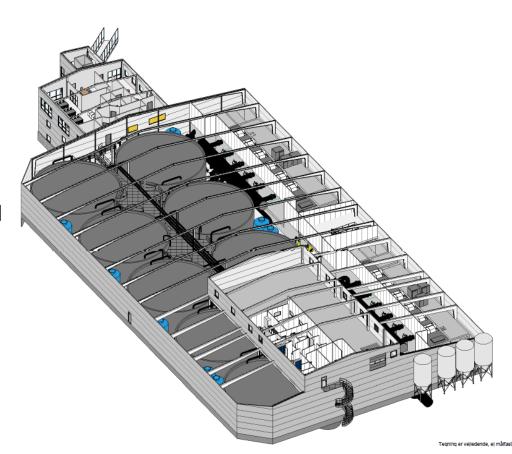


#### **Smolt factories:**

- Designed for efficient logistics
- Effective sorting og vaccination
- Central plants for feeding, heating/cooling, chemicals, dead fish collection, sludge handling etc
- Automatic control of all water treatment processes
- Automatic controls for valves and pumps
- Well-developed operations control systems with monitoring and alarm management

### Some focus areas for RAS in Norway

- Defining optimal water quality conditions and fish welfare for postsmolt
- Biosecure production
- Scaling of production units (e.g. tanks and RAS modules)
- Water treatment efficencies vs energy consumption and adaptation of new technologies
- Wastewater and sludge treatment (e.g. saline sludge)

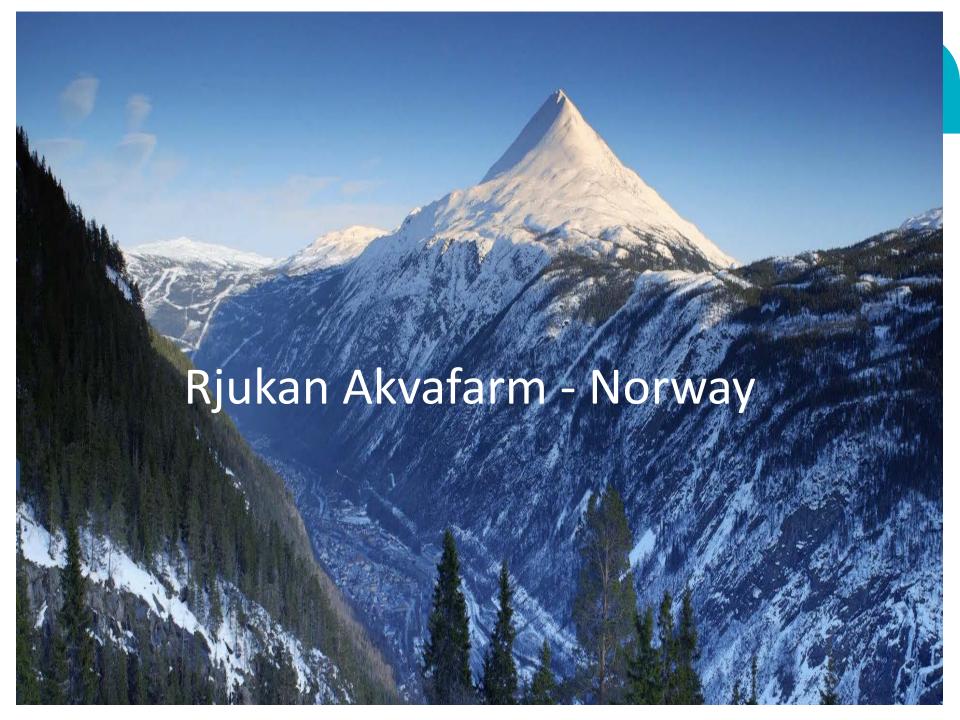




### **Challenges**

- Biological design and fish physiology competences
- Big fish logistics
- Cost-efficient solutions vs ocean based production
- Early maturation detoriation of flesh quality
- Off flavor detoriation of taste

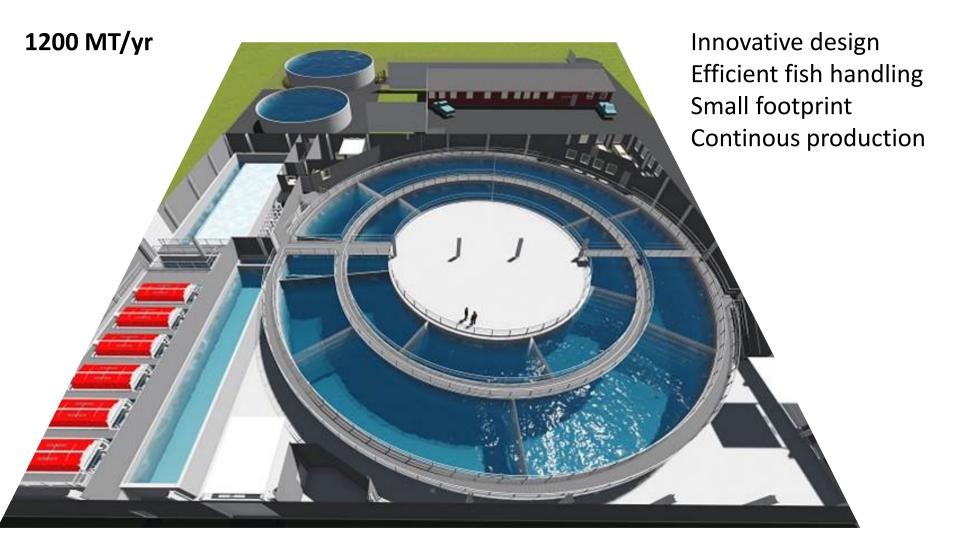


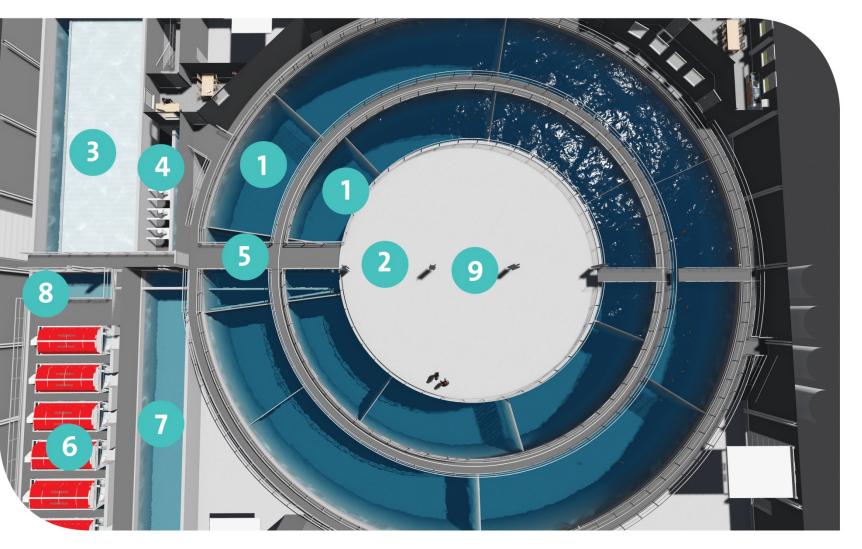


### Modular farm - 10 000 MT/yr



# RAS2020 – A new approach for cost efficient salmon production





- Fish tanks with movable compartments
- 2. Biofilter MBBR reactor (Krüger Kaldnes Veolia)
- 3. CO<sub>2</sub> and N<sub>2</sub> Degasser (Krüger Kaldnes Veolia)

- 4. Propeller pumps into level weir
- 5. Inlet channel and circulation propeller
- 6. Drumfilters (Hydrotech Veolia)

- 7. Purging tank
- 8. UV filter
- 9. Denitrification chamber (optional)

### **References for RAS2020**





### R&D

a prerequisite for innovation

### Our development strategy

# Development of exceptional RAS plants through technical know-how, innovation and validation

Strong focus on understanding fish physiology, water quality and technological performance enables us to apply the best solutions available

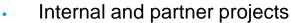




### Planned and ongoing testing & R&D

### Some Ctrl AQUA projects

- Effect of suspended particles on fish health and welfare
- Hydrodynamics in large fish tanks
- AOP in RAS\* (to be initiated)



- Fine particle removal (filtration, membranes, oxidation, skimming)
- Efficient gas removal/addition (CO2/N2, O2)
- Wastewater & Sludge handling (filtration, composting, drying, biogas)
- P recovery from sludge (Struvia)

### Strategies for combating early maturation

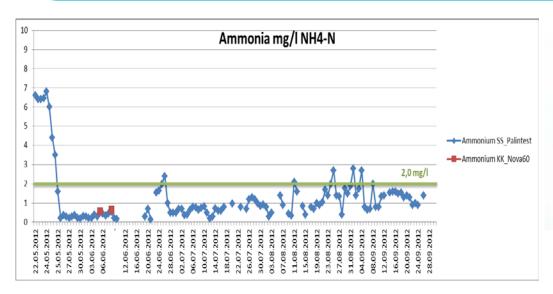
- Temperature controls
- Lighting regime
- Stocking density

### Efficient purging systems

- Removal of MIB/Geosmin in the RAS loop
- Work-out regimes



### Testing og validation - Kaldnes® RAS



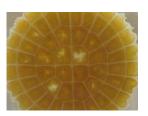








- The effect of rapid load changes (e.g. at fish delivery)
- The transition from freshwater to seawater
- Influence of environmental factors



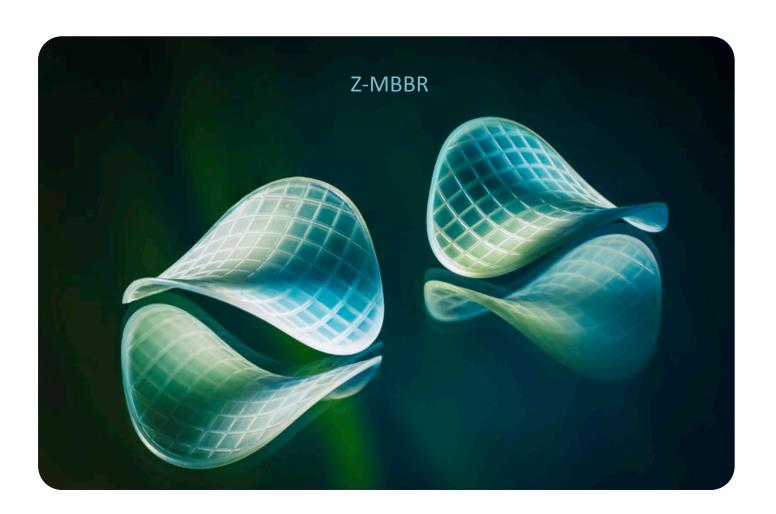
### New technology - Kaldnes® RAS

### **AOT (Advanced Oxidation Technology)**

Photocatalyctic oxidation



### New Technology – self regulating biomedia for MBBR



### **Concluding remarks!**

- RAS has moved from being a niche to State of the art and mainstream production method for salmonids
- Development of smolt farms is towards larger production units for larger smolts/postsmolts. This causes changed conditions for how RAS plants are built and operated. Many challenges are addressed for efficient, predictable and cost efficient means of production.
- Salmon to full size on land is likely to increase dramatically in the very close future. Experiences from front runners are mixed, though lessons learned and new research and development address key challenges and and strategies to make land based salmon farms a viable production method in the future.

## Thank you!

**Recirculating Aquaculture Systems** 

